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Date: October 13, 2000

Docket No.: 0055-0310P

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

)

Sir:

This is a Request for filing a \square continuation \boxtimes divisional \square continuation-in-part application under 37 C.F.R. \S 1.53(b) of pending prior Application No. 08/448,489 filed on June 7, 1995, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference, by

SEIKI, Motoharu; SATO, Hiroshi; and SHINAGAWA, Akira

for

NOVEL METALLOPROTEINASE AND ENCODING DNA THEREFOR

- Enclosed is an application consisting of specification, claims, declaration and drawings/photographs (if applicable).
- 2. \square The filing fee has been calculated as follows:

			LARGE ENTITY	SMALL ENTITY
	BASIC	FEE	\$710.00	\$355.00
	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE FEE	RATE FEE
TOTAL CLAIMS	10-20 =	0	x 18 = \$0.00	x 9 = \$0.00
INDEPENDENT CLAIMS	6-3 =	3	x 80 = \$240.00	x 40 = \$0.00
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS PRESENTED			+ \$270.00	+ \$135.00
		TOTAL	\$950.00	\$0.00

- 3. \boxtimes A check in the amount of \$950.00 to cover the filing fee and recording fee (if applicable) is enclosed.
- 4.
 Please charge Deposit Account No. 02-2448 in the amount of \$0.00. A triplicate copy of this request is enclosed.
- 5. Amend the specification by inserting before the first line thereof the following:
 - a. _ --This application is a _ continuation _ divisional _ continuation-in-part of co-pending Application No. 08/448,489, filed on June 7, 1995, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference.--
 - b. A continuation is a continuation divisional continuation in-part of co-pending Application No. 08/448,489, filed on June 7, 1995, which is a continuation-in-part application of PCT International Application No. PCT/JP94/02009 filed on November 30, 1994. The entire contents of each of the above-identified applications are hereby incorporated by reference.--
- 6. \boxtimes Enclosed is/are <u>fifteen</u> (15) sheet(s) of formal drawings and/or photographs.
- 7. A statement claiming small entity status was filed in prior Application No. 08/448,489 on ____. See the attached copy of the statement claiming small entity status.

8.	\boxtimes	The prior application is assigned to <u>Fuji Yakuhin Kogyo</u> Kabushiki Kaisha .
9.	\boxtimes	A Preliminary Amendment is enclosed.
10a.		Priority of Application No(s). filed in on is/are claimed under $\overline{35}$ U.S.C. § $\overline{119}$. See attached copy of the Letter claiming priority filed in the prior application on
10b.		Priority of International Appln. PCT/JP94/2009 filed on November 30 , 1994 under the Patent Cooperation Treaty and Japanese Application No. 5-341061 and 7-109884 filed in JAPAN on November 30 , 1993 and March 31 , 1995 , respectively under 35 U.S.C.

If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent, and future replies, to charge payment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2448 for any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.16 or under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17; particularly, extension of time fees.

Respectfully submitted,

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

By Marc S. Weiner, #32,181

MSW/MAA/csp 0055-0310P

Attachments

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(Rev. 09/29/2000)

IN THE U.S. PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant:

M. SEIKI et al.

Appl. No.:

Rule 60 Divisional

of 08/448,489

Group:

Unassigned

Filed:

October 13, 2000 Examiner: Unassigned

For:

NOVEL METALLOPROTEINASE AND ENCODING DNA

THEREFOR

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

October 13, 2000

Sir:

The following preliminary amendments and remarks are respectfully submitted in connection with the above-identified application.

AMENDMENTS

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the specification as follows:

Page 1

Line 17, after "monoclonal" insert -- and polyclonal--

Page 2

Line 12, after "monoclonal" insert -- and polyclonal--

Page 3

Line 17, change "Sequence" to --SEQ--

Line 18, change "Sheet sequence number 1" to --ID NO: 1--

Line 22, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 1" to --

SEQ ID NO: 1--

Page 4

Line 1, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number" to --SEQ

ID NO:--

Line 3, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 2" to --SEQ

ID NO: 2--

Line 17, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 1" to --

SEQ ID NO: 1--

Line 19, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 2" to --

SEQ ID NO: 2--

Line 20, change "Sequence Sheet" to -- SEQ ID--

Line 21, change "sequence number 1" to --NO: 1--

Line 23, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 2" to --

SEQ ID NO: 2--

Line 24, change "Sequence Sheet sequence" to --SEQ ID--

Line 25, change "number 1" to --NO: 1--

Page 5

Line 2, change "Sequence Sheet" to --SEQ ID --

Line 3, change "sequence number 2" to --NO: 2--

Line 4, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 1" to --SEQ

ID NO: 1--

Line 6, change "Sequence" to --SEQ--

Line 7, change "Sheet sequence number 1" to -- SEQ ID NO:

1--

Line 9, change "(Sequence Sheet" to --(SEQ ID--

Line 10, change "sequence numbers 3 and 4)" to --NOS: 3

and 4) --

Line 14, change "Sequence Sheet sequence numbers 5 and 6" to --SEQ ID NOS: 5 and 6--

Line 21, change "Sequence Sheet" to --SEQ ID--

Line 22, change "sequence number 2" to --NO: 2--

Line 23, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 2" to --

SEQ ID NO: 2--

Line 27, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 2" to -- SEQ ID NO: 2--

Page 6

Line 5, change "Sequence Sheet" to --SEQ ID--

Line 6, change "sequence number 1" to --NO: 1--

Line 8, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 7" to --SEQ

ID NO: 7--

Line 20, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 7" to -- SEQ ID NO: 7--

Page 7

Line 14, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 1" to --

SEQ ID NO: 1--

Line 16, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 2" to --

SEQ ID NO: 2--

Line 18, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 1" to --

SEQ ID NO: 1--

Page 8

Line 3, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 2" to --SEQ ID NO: 2--

Line 7, change "Sequence" to --SEQ--

Line 8, change "Sheet sequence number 2" to --ID NO: 2--

Line 13, after "monoclonal" insert -- and polyclonal--

Line 16, after "monoclonal" insert -- and polyclonal--

Page 11

Line 2, change "Sequence Sheet sequence" to --SEQ ID--

Line 3, change "numbers 3" to --NOS: 3--

Line 10, change "Sequence Sheet sequence numbers" to -- SEQ ID NOS:--

Page 15

Line 10, after "XLI-Blue" please insert -- (Deposited in the National Institute of Bioscience and Human-Technology as Deposit No. P-15032).--

Line 23, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 2" to -- SEQ ID NO: 2--

Line 24, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 2" to -- SEQ ID NO: 2--

Page 16

Line 3, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 1" to --SEQ ID NO: 1--

Line 4, change "Sequence" to --SEQ--

Line 5, change "Sheet sequence number 2" to --ID NO: 2--

Line 12, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 1" to --

SEQ ID NO: 1--

Line 13, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 7" to -- SEQ ID NO: 7--

Line 17, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 1" to --

SEQ ID NO: 1--

Line 19, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 1" to --

SEQ ID NO: 1--

Line 23, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 1" to -- SEQ ID NO: 1--

Page 18

Line 16, change "Sequence" to --SEQ--

Line 17, change "Sheet sequence number 1" to --ID NO: 1--

Line 17, change "Sequence Sheet" to -- SEQ ID--

Line 18, change "sequence numbers" to --NOS:--

Line 18, change "Sequence Sheet" to --SEQ ID--

Line 19, change "sequence number 1" to --NO: 1--

Page 31

Line 1, change "Sequence Sheet sequence number 1" to --SEQ ID NO: 1--

Line 4, change "Sequence Sheet sequence" to --SEQ ID--

Line 5, change "number 1" to --NO: 1--

Page 36

Line 7, after "MT-MMP" insert -- (SEQ ID NO: 1)--

Line 8, after "1" (first occurrence) insert -- (SEQ ID NO:

12) --

Line 8, after "-2" insert -- (SEQ ID NO: 17) --

Line 8, after "-3" insert -- (SEQ ID NO: 15)--

Line 8, after "-7" insert -- (SEQ ID NO: 18)--

Line 8, after "-8" insert --(SEQ ID NO: 13)--

Line 8, after "-9" insert -- (SEQ ID NO: 16)--

Line 8, after "-10" insert -- (SEQ ID NO: 14)--

Line 8, after "-11" insert -- (SEQ ID NO: 11)--

Please replace pages 38 through 50 of the specification with the substitute sequence listing enclosed herewith. Please renumber the remaining pages of the specification, beginning with the claims.

Please insert the substitute sequence listing attached hereto immediately after the Abstract of the Disclosure.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claim(s) 1-12 without prejudice or disclaimer to the subject matter contained therein.

Please add the following new claims:

- --1. A DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2 which corresponds to the amino acid sequence of a membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase characterized by a continuous sequence of hydrophobic amino acids peculiar to membrane-binding proteins from amino acid number 533 to 562 in the C terminus domain shown in SEQ ID NO: 1, having the amino acid sequence from amino acid number 160 to 173, 320 to 333 and from 498 to 512 shown in SEQ ID NO: 1 or having the amino acid sequence from amino acid number 1 to 173, 320 to 333, 498 to 512 and 563 to 582 shown in SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 2. A plasmid containing a DNA according to claim 1 having the nucleotide sequence shown SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 3. A host cell harboring a plasmid according to claim 2 containing a DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 4. Antibodies which specifically recognize a membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase characterized by a continuous sequence of hydrophobic amino acids peculiar to membrane-binding proteins from amino acid number 533 to 562 in the C terminus domain shown in SEQ ID NO: 1, having the amino acid sequence from amino acid number 160

Docket No. 55-310P

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to 173, 320 to 333 and from 498 to 512 shown in SEQ ID NO: 1 or having the amino acid sequence from amino acid number 1 to 173, 320 to 333, 498 to 512 and 563 to 582 shown in SEQ ID NO: 1.

- 5. Antibodies according to claim 4, wherein said antibodies are monoclonal antibodies.
- 6. A DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2 which encodes a protein having the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 7. A plasmid containing a DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, expressing the protein shown in SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 8. A host cell harboring a plasmid containing a DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, and expressing the protein shown in SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 9. Antibodies which specifically recognize a protein having the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1.

10. Antibodies according to claim 9, wherein said antibodies are monoclonal antibodies.--

REMARKS

The specification has been amended to recite "and polyclonal." Support for polyclonal antibodies may be found in working Examiner 3(c) in that the antibodies produced in the mouse and the isolated antibody producing spleenocytes are polyclonal in nature. In addition, the hybridoma cultures of Working Example 3(e) produce polyclonal antibodies.

Entry of the above amendments is earnestly solicited. An early and favorable first action on the merits is earnestly solicited.

Applicants' further respectfully request that the disk containing the amended sequence listing which was filed in parent application No. 08/448,489 on February 26, 1999 as file name "55-290p.app" be transferred to this new application in compliance with 37 C.F.R.§ 1.821-825. The disk copy of the sequence listing is identical to the paper copy except for word processing formatting.

Should there be any outstanding matters that need to be resolved in the present application, the Examiner is respectfully requested to contact MaryAnne Armstrong, Ph.D. (Reg. 40,069) at the telephone number of the undersigned below.

If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent, and future replies, to charge payment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2448 for any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.16 or under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17; particularly, extension of time fees.

Respectfully submitted,

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

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(Rev. 04/19/2000)

DESCRIPTION

Title of the Invention

NOVEL METALLOPROTEINASE AND ENCODING DNA THEREFOR

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a novel metalloproteinase useful in applications such as diagnosis of the presence of tumour cells, diagnosis of the degree of tumour malignancy, or other medical or physiological fields.

More specifically, the present invention relates to one type of metalloproteinase expressed specifically in human tumour cells and a DNA sequence encoding therefor; a plasmid having a nucleotide sequence which contains said DNA sequence; a host cell harbouring said plasmid; a method for manufacturing said protein using said host cell; a probe which hybridizes with the aforesaid DNA sequence; a method for detecting DNA or RNA containing the aforesaid sequence using said probe; and monoclonal antibodies which bind specifically to the aforesaid protein.

BACKGROUND

A group of enzymes with different substrate specificity and referred to in general as matrix metalloproteinases (hereinafter referred to as "MMPs") contributes to degradation of the extracellular matrix comprising such

complex components as collagen, proteoglycan, elastin, fibronectin, and laminin.

Previously reported MMPs include interstitial collagenase (MMP-1), 72 kDa gelatinase (also known as type IV collagenase or gelatinase A; MMP-2), 92 kDa gelatinase (also known as type IV collagenase or gelatinase B; MMP-9), stromelysin-1 (MMP-3), matrilysin (MMP-7), neutrophil collagenase (MMP-8), stromelysin-2 (MMP-10) and stromelysin-3 (MMP-11).

These MMPs are a family of enzymes whose primary structure has been reported previously. With the exception of MMP-7, the primary structure among the family of reported MMPs comprises essentially an N-terminal propeptide domain, a Zn+ binding catalytic domain and a C-terminal hemopexin-like domain. In MMP-7 there is no hemopexin-like domain. MMP-2 and MMP-9 contain an additional gelatin-binding domain. In addition, a proline-rich domain highly homologous to a type V collagen $\alpha 2$ chain is inserted in MMP-9 between the Zn+ binding catalytic domain and the C-terminal hemopexin-like domain.

In highly metastatic tumour cells, there are reports of conspicuous expression of type IV collagenase (MMP-2, MMP-9) which mainly degrade type IV collagen (Cancer Res., 46:1-7, 1986; Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun., 154:832-838, 1988; Cancer, 71:1368-1383, 1993). Likewise, it has been reported MMP-3 act as an activator of proMMP-9 (J. Biol. Chem., 267:3581-3584, 1992).

The degree of matrix metalloproteinase expression serves as an index to diagnosing the degree of cancer malignancy.

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

The present inventors discovered a novel matrix metalloproteinase (hereinafter referred to as "MT-MMP") and performed a structural analysis thereof.

As described hereafter, the present invention offers a novel metalloproteinase protein, DNA having a nucleotide sequence which encodes said protein, a plasmid having said DNA nucleotide sequence, a host cell harbouring said plasmid and monoclonal antibodies which specifically recognize the aforesaid metalloproteinase protein.

- 1. A native membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase characterized by a continuous sequence of hydrophobic amino acids peculiar to membrane-binding proteins from amino acid number 533 to 562 in the C terminus domain shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.
- 2. A native membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase according to claim 1, characterized by the amino acid sequence from amino acid number 160 to 173, 320 to 333 and from 498 to 512 shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.
- 3. A native membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase according to claim 1, characterized by the amino acid sequence from amino acid number 1 to 173, 320 to 333, 498 to

512 and 563 to 582 shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.

- 4. A DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 2 which corresponds to the amino acid sequence of a membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase according to claim 1, 2 or 3.
- 5. A plasmid containing a DNA having the nucleotide sequence according to claim 4 and expressing a membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase according to claim 1, 2 or 3.
- 6. A host cell harbouring a plasmid containing a DNA having the nucleotide sequence according to claim 4, and expressing a membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase according to claim 1, 2 or 3.
- 7. Monoclonal antibodies which peculiarly recognize a membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase according to claim 1, 2 or 3.
- 8. A protein having the amino acid sequence shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.
- 9. A DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 2 which encodes a protein having the amino acid sequence shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.
- 10. A plasmid containing a DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 2, and expressing the protein shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.

- 11. A host cell harbouring a plasmid containing a DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 2, and expressing the protein shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.
- 12. Monoclonal antibodies which peculiarly recognize a protein having the amino acid sequence shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.

The present invention is described in detail hereafter. Using highly conserved sequences (Sequence Sheet sequence numbers 3 and 41 selected from amino acid sequences of the known matrix metalloproteinase (MMP) family, the inventors designed and synthesized oligonucleotide primer having the sequences denoted by Sequence Sheet sequence numbers 5 and 6: A PCR was carried out using said oligonucleotide primer and a human placental cDNA library, the PCR products obtained were sequenced, and a 390 bp DNA fragment having a sequence non-homologous to known MMP was obtained. Using this 390 bp DNA fragment as a probe, the human placenta cDNA library was screened, and a cDNA in the positive phage clone obtained was sequenced. The nucleotide sequence is that denoted by Sequence Sheet sequence number 2. A sequence identical to the nucleotide sequence in Sequence Sheet sequence number 2 did not exist in the Genbank/EMBL DNA database, and DNA having this nucleotide sequence was ascertained to be completely novel.

The nucleotide sequence of the aforesaid cloned cDNA in Sequence Sheet sequence number 2 had a 3' non-coding

sequence and open reading frame that potentially encode 582 amino acid. An initiation codon was located at nucleotide number 112, and a stop codon was present at nucleotide number 1858. It was determined that this open reading frame encoded the 582 amino acid sequence in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1, that a deduced signal sequence continued after the initiation codon, and that a hydrophobic domain (Sequence Sheet sequence number 7) specific to a membrane-binding protein of 20 or more linked hydrophobic amino acids was present from C-terminal amino acid number 533 to 562.

When homology between the amino acid sequence of MT-MMP and that of the known MMP family was analyzed, MT-MMP had high homology to the known MMP family, as shown in Figure 2. The sequences best conserved in MT-MMP were active site sequences, as well as sequences proximal to processing site between precursor and mature substance conserved in the MMP family. The fact that MT-MMP has the structural characteristics of a membrane-binding protein, and the presence in MT-MMP of a sequence of linked hydrophobic amino acids (shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 7) not found in the rest of the MMP family, strongly suggested that MT-MMP, unlike other MMP family, is a membrane-binding MMP.

When MT-MMP expression in various human tissues was studied by Northern Blot analysis with various tissuederived Poly(A)RNA, high expression was seen in the placenta, lung and kidney (see Figure 3). Likewise, results from Northern Blot analysis performed with RNA extracted

from normal and tumour areas of human lung squamous cell carcinoma showed that MT-MMP is expressed peculiarly at tumour sites (see Figure 4).

Finally, immunoprecipitation and immunostain experiments using anti-MT-MMP monoclonal antibodies showed that the MT-MMP pertaining to the present invention is expressed on a cell membrane without secretion of a gene product, and MMP-2 activation induced by the expression of MT-MMP was observed in the cells transfected with MT-MMP gene (Nature, 370:61-65, 1994).

Due to the achievements of the above-discussed research by the present inventors, the present invention offers a novel matrix metalloproteinase protein having the amino acid sequence in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.

In addition, the present invention offers DNA having the nucleotide sequence in Sequence Sheet sequence number 2, which encodes a protein having the amino acid sequence in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1; a plasmid containing and capable of expressing said DNA; and a host cell harbouring said plasmid. All host cells used in general recombinant DNA technology can be used as the aforementioned host cell, including prokaryotes such as E. coli and Baci lus subtilus; eukaryotes such as yeast, COS cells, CHO cells and 3T3 cells; and insect cells such as Sf21. Expression vectors corresponding to used host cells can be used as the aforementioned plasmid.

Furthermore, the present invention offers mRNA transcribed from DNA having the nucleotide sequence in Sequence Sheet sequence number 2.

The present invention also offers a probe which hybridizes with the aforementioned DNA or RNA and specifically detects said DNA or RNA, and said probe may be one having any part of the nucleotide sequence in Sequence Sheet sequence number 2, provided said probe is labeled by a generally used radioactive isotope or enzyme or the like, hybridizes specifically with said DNA or RNA in general blotting analysis and in situ hybridization, and accomplishes detection.

Furthermore, the present invention offers monoclonal antibodies which bind peculiarly with the MT-MMP pertaining to the present invention.

The monoclonal antibodies pertaining to the present invention can be prepared by a well-known method such as the method of Milstein et al. (Nature, 256:495-497, 1975) using human MT-MMP as an antigen. In this method, the antigen may be native human MT-MMP, recombinant human MT-MMP, or a synthetic peptide having a partial amino acid sequence of either.

By means of the present invention, DNA having a nucleotide sequence which encodes a protein with the amino acid sequence of the novel MT-MMP pertaining to the present invention can be cloned, and such DNA and a protein encoded by such DNA can be prepared by a genetic engineering

technique. Through the use of a cDNA clone of such a novel MT-MMP, techniques generally used in genetic engineering can be used to clone the aforementioned nucleotide sequence into another vector or host. Based on the aforementioned cDNA nucleotide sequence, DNA appropriately suited to a probe may be designed and prepared. In addition, based on the nucleotide sequence of the MT-MMP pertaining to the present invention, techniques generally used in genetic engineering can be used to prepare a corresponding protein wherein appropriate mutation have been introduced into the MT-MMP amino acid sequence by substitution, deletion, insertion, displacement or addition of one or more amino acids. such aforementioned derivatives may also be included in the present invention, provided that common metalloproteinase characteristics are conserved; namely, sequences proximal to processing site between precursor and mature substance, active site sequences and domain structure, and provided that the MT-MMP characteristic of a hydrophobic domain of linked hydrophobic amino acids present near the C terminus is conserved.

Use of the above-discussed various implementations of the present invention offers various technical means applicable to applications pertaining to diagnostic agents or diagnostic methods used for diagnosis of the presence of tumour cells or for diagnosis of the degree of tumour malignancy, as well as applications in other medical or physiological fields.

The present invention is described in detail hereafter by means of Working Examples, but the present invention is not limited by these Working Examples.

WORKING EXAMPLES

Working Example 1 Isolation of novel metalloproteinase
(MT-MMP) cDNA

(a) Construction of cDNA Library

Total RNA was extracted from human placenta tissue by a guanidine-cesium chloride method (Biochemistry, 18:5294-5299, 1979) and poly(A) +RNA was purified using an oligo(dT) -Using a purified poly(A)+RNA as a cellulose column. template and an oligo(dT) primer, cDNA was synthesized according to the Gubler-Hoffman method (Gene, 25:263-269, The ends of the cDNA were converted to blunt end with T4 DNA polymerase, and EcoR I sites present in the cDNA were methylated by EcoR I methylase. Using T4 DNA ligase, an EcoR I linker [d(pG-G-A-A-T-T-C-C)] and the cDNA were ligated, and cDNA possessing EcoR I sites at both ends was generated by EcoR I digestion. Using T4 DNA ligase, this cDNA was cloned into EcoR I site of λ gt11. In vitro packaging of this cDNA was carried out, for example, using an in vitro packaging kit (Amersham), and a cDNA library was thus constructed. A commercial cDNA library such as a human placenta cDNA library (Clontech) can be used as a cDNA library.

(b) Preparation of synthetic oligonucleotide primer

The sequences denoted by Sequence Sheet sequence numbers 3 (P-1) and 4 (P-2) were selected from among amino acid sequences of the known MMP family as highly conserved amino acid sequences in the MMP family, and oligodeoxynucleotide primers corresponding respectively to oligopeptide P-1 and oligopeptide P-2 were designed. Specifically, when amino acids coded by two or more codons were present in an oligopeptide, the sequences were designed as a mixture as shown in Sequence Sheet sequence numbers 5 (primer 1) and 6 (primer 2). Primer 1 and primer 2 were synthesized by a eta-cyanoethyl phosphoamidite method using a DNA synthesizer (Applied Biosystems Model 392). NICK column (Pharmacia) equilibrated with 10mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 6.8 the obtained primer 1 and primer 2 were purified.

(c) Gene amplification by PCR

Using a human placenta-derived cDNA as a template and primers 1 and 2 noted in the above section (b), a PCR (PCR Technology, Stockton Press, pp. 63-67, 1989) was run.

As a result, a 390 bp PCR product was yielded. The obtained PCR product was cloned in an appropriate plasmid, e.g., pUC 119 or pBluescript, and the nucleotide sequence of the PCR product was determined using a fluorescence DNA sequencer (Applied Biosystems, Model 373A) and a Taq dyeprimer cycle sequencing kit (Applied Biosystems). Among

various PCR products whose nucleotide sequences were determined, PCR product A having no homology to nucleotide sequences of previously reported MMPs was obtained. PCR product A was used as a probe for screening the human placenta cDNA library noted in the foregoing section (a).

32P labeling of the probe was generated using a random primed DNA labeling kit (Boehringer Mannhaim).

(d) Screening of novel MMP gene from cDNA library and DNA sequencing.

Host E. coli Y1090 was transfected with the human placenta cDNA library constructed in the λ gt11 cited in the foregoing section (a) and plaques were formed. Specifically, Y1090 was cultured overnight in an L broth containing 0.02% maltose, and bacteria were harvested and suspended in 10mM MgSO₄. This cell suspension and a phage solution were mixed, incubated at 37°C for 15 minutes, and then the phages were adsorbed onto the host bacteria. Soft agar was added thereto, and the material was spread on an L plate (the above-noted operation is hereinafter termed "plating"). The plate was incubated overnight at 42°C and a plaque was formed, after which a nylon filter (e.g., Hibond-N, Amersham) or a nitrocellulose filter (e.g., HATF, Millipore) was placed onto the plate and left in place for approximately 30 seconds. The filter was gently peeled and immersed in an alkaline denaturant (0.1M NaOH, 1.5M NaCl) for 30 seconds, then immersed in a neutralizing solution

(0.5M Tris-HCl buffer, pH 8 containing 1.5M NaCl) for 5 minutes. The filter was then washed with 2x SSPE (0.36M NaCl, 20mM NaH_2PO_4 , 2mM EDTA) and dried. The foregoing plaque-to-filter transfer was repeated, and at least two filters were prepared. However, plate contact time for the second and subsequent filters was extended to approximately 2 minutes. Filters were baked 2 hours at 80°C and DNA was The two filters, at a minimum, prepared from one plate were respectively washed 1 hour at 42°C in a wash solution (50mM Tris-HCl buffer, pH 8.0 containing 1M NaCl, 1mM EDTA and 0.1% SDS), placed in a hybridization bag, and prehybridization was carried out by 6 to 8 hours immersion at 42°C in a prehybridization solution [50% formamide, 5x Denhardt's solution (0.2% bovine serum albumin, 0.2% polyvinylpyrolidone), 5x SSPE, 0.1% SDS, 100µg/ml heatdenatured salmon sperm DNA]. Next, the 32P-labeled probe noted in section (c), heat-denatured for 5 minutes at 100°C, was added to the prehybridization solution, hybridization was carried out overnight at 42°C. / After hybridization was complete, the filters were washed at room temperature with an excess of 2x SSC solution containing 0.1% SDS. Next, the filters were placed for 15 minutes at 68°C in 1x SSC solution containing 0.1% SDS. The filters were then dried, layered with X-ray film (Kodak XR), and 1 week autoradiography was then carried out at -70°C. The Xray films were developed, replica filters in duplicate produced from one plate were piled up each other, and

signals that appeared precisely same place on duplicate filters were marked. Plaques corresponding to marked signals were suspended in SM solution (50mM Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.5 containing 0.1M NaCl and 10mM MgSO₄). These phage suspensions were appropriately diluted and plating was performed, screening similar to that noted above was carried out, and recombinant phages were obtained.

(e) Preparation of recombinant λgt11 DNA

Each cloned phages was plated, incubated for 3 hours at 42°C, and incubated overnight at 37°C. Several drops of chloroform was then added to the SM solution and the material was left at room temperature for 30 minutes. SM solution together with the upper layer of soft agar was then scraped off, and centrifuged. Polyethylene glycol was added to a 10% final concentration in the supernatant, and the material was mixed and left at 4°C for 1 hour. material was then centrifuged, the supernatant was discarded, and phage particles were collected. The phage particles were suspended in SM solution and purified by a glycerol gradient ultracentrifugation method (see "Molecular Cloning, a Laboratory Manual", T. Maniastis et al., Cold Spring Harbor: Laboratory Press pp. 2.78, 1989). The phages obtained were suspended in SM solution and treated with DNase I and RNase A. A mixture of 20mM EDTA, $50\mu g/ml$ proteinase K, and 0.5% SDS was then added, and the material was incubated at 65°C for 1 hour. The material was then

subjected to phenol extraction and diethylether extraction, and DNA was precipitated by ethanol precipitation. The DNA obtained was washed with 70% ethanol, dried, and dissolved in TE solution (10mM Tris-HCl buffer, pH 8 containing 10mM EDTA).

(f) Sequencing of the insertion fragment

The λ gtll DNA prepared in the above section (e) was digested with EcoR I, an insertion fragment was excised and purified, and cloned into the EcoR I site of a pBluescript (Stratagene) vector. E. coli NM522 XLI-Blue; was transformed with this recombinant pBluescript. The F' transformed cells were selected, infected with helper phage VCSM13 (Stratagene), and cultured overnight. The culture was centrifuged and the bacteria were removed, and PEG/NaCl was added to precipitate the phages. The precipitate was suspended in TE solution, and single-stranded DNA was extracted with phenol and recovered by ethanol precipitation. The single-stranded DNA was sequenced using fluorescence DNA sequencer (Applied Biosystems, Model 373A) and a Taq dye-primer cycle sequencing kit (Applied Biosystems). The total length of the sequence determined was 3403 base pairs, and the sequence thereof is denoted by Sequence Sheet sequence number 2. The nucleotide sequence in Sequence Sheet sequence number 2 was searched using the Genbank/EMBL DNA database, but an identical sequence did not exist.

(g) Analysis of Gene Product

Hydrophilic and hydrophobic values of the amino acid sequence denoted by Sequence Sheet sequence number 1, as predicted from the nucleotide sequence denoted by Sequence Sheet sequence number 2, were calculated by the Kyte-Doolittle method (J. Mol. Biol., 157:105-132, 1982), and the hydrophilic and hydrophobic distribution plot shown in Figure 1 was determined. A hydrophobic domain comprising a sequence of 20 or more linked hydrophobic amino acids peculiar to a membrane binding protein was present from position 533 to position 562 of the C-terminal region of Sequence Sheet sequence number 1, and the sequence thereof is shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 7. Such a sequence of linked hydrophobic amino acids does not exist in previously known MMPs.

When the homology of the amino acid sequence in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1 was compared to reported MMPs amino acid sequences, the amino acid sequence in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1 showed homology with the MMP family. Specifically, processing site between precursor and active enzyme and active site conserved to an extremely high degree among MMP family were each highly conserved in MT-MMP as well (Sequence Sheet sequence number 1, amino acids numbers 88-97 and 112-222).

Working Example 2 Gene Expression

(a) Expression in Tissues

Using 32P-labeled PCR product A noted in Working Example 1, section (c) as a probe, hybridization was performed with poly(A) + RNA blotted membrane, human multiple tissue Northern Blots (Clontech), which contains poly(A)+ RNA from human heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas. Human multiple tissue Northern Blot filters wetted with 3x SSC (0.45M NaCl, 0.045M trisodium citrate • 2H2O, pH 7.0) were prehybridized for 2 to 3 hours in a prehybridization solution (0.75M NaCl, 2.5mM EDTA, 0.5x Denhardt's solution, 50% formamide and 20mM Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.5 containing 1% SDS) with gentle agitation. Next, a heat-denatured probe was added to the hybridization solution (10% sodium dextran and 50µq/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA-containing prehybridization solution), the prehybridization solution was replaced, and hybridization was performed overnight at 43°C. After hybridization was complete, the filters were washed with 2x SSC containing 0.1% SDS. Next, the filters were placed for 15 minutes at 68°C in 1x SSC containing 0.1% SDS. The filters were then dried, layered with X-ray film (Kodak XR), and 1 week autoradiography was then carried out at -70°C. The size of the MT-MMP gene transcripts was 4.8 kb in each tissue. the developed X-ray films were traced by a densitometer and signal intensity was measured, among the investigated tissues, MT-MMP genes were found to be highly expressed in the lung, placenta and kidney.

(b) Expression in Tumour Tissues

Normal and tumour tissues were taken from samples of two squamous cell carcinomas human lung, respectively, and total RNA was extracted by a guanidine-cesium chloride method. $10\mu g$ of each said RNA was applied to 1% agarose electrophoresis and then transferred onto a nylon membrane. Hybridization was then carried out with the ^{32}P -labeled probe noted in Working Example 1, section (c). Hybridization and autoradiography tracing were performed as described in the foregoing section (a). In each human lung squamous cell carcinoma, significantly higher expression were seen in tumour tissue (see Figure 4 T) than in normal tissue (see Figure 4 N).

Working Example 3 Preparation of Monoclonal Antibodies

(a) Preparation of Polypeptides as Antigen

From the MT-MMP amino acid sequence denoted by Sequence Sheet sequence number 1, sequences denoted by Sequence Sheet sequence numbers 8, 9 and 10 (sequence of Sequence Sheet sequence number 1 amino acid numbers 160-173, 320-333, and 498-512, respectively; hereinafter termed polypeptide A, polypeptide B and polypeptide C, respectively) were selected as specific sequences having low homology to other members of MMP family. These polypeptides were synthesized by Fmoc-BOP method using a peptide synthesizer (MilliGen/Biosearch, Peptide Synthesizer 9600), and cysteine was introduced at

the N-terminus. Each synthesized peptide was purified by high speed liquid chromatography.

(b) Preparation of Each Polypeptides and Keyhole Limpet Hemocyanin Complexes

2 mg of keyhole limpet hemocyanin (KLH) dissolved in 1 ml of 0.1M phosphate buffer, pH 7.5 and 1.85 mg N-(E-maleimidocaproyloxy) succinimide dissolved in 200 µl dimethylformamide were mixed and incubated at 30°C for 30 minutes. Next, the above-noted mixture was applied to gel filtration by PD-10 (Pharmacia) equilibrated with 0.1M phosphate buffer, pH 7.0. KLH-bound maleimide was collected and concentrated to less than 1.5 ml. Each polypeptide synthesized in the foregoing section (a) was respectively dissolved in 1 ml of 0.1M phosphate buffer, pH 7.0 and mixed with KLH-bound maleimide at a molar ratio representing a factor of 50. This material was then incubated 20 hours at 4°C, and KLH-polypeptide complexes were thus prepared.

(c) Preparation of Antibody-producing Cells

As an initial immunization, eight-week-old Balb/c female mice were given an intraperitoneal administration of 250 μg of a complex of KLH and, respectively, polypeptide A, polypeptide B or polypeptide C prepared in the above section (b), in Freund's complete adjuvant. After 18 days, the respectively immunized mice were boosted intraperitoneally with 200 μg of the respective complexes dissolved in 0.1M

phosphate buffer, pH 7.5. After 32 days, a final immunization of 100 μg of each complex was administered intravenously as the booster immunization. Three days thereafter, splencytes were extirpated and splencyte suspensions were prepared.

(d) Cell Fusion

Fusion with 8-azaguanine-resistant myeloma cell SP2 (SP2/O-Ag14) was performed according to a modifying method of Oi et al (see Selected Methods in Cellular Immunology, Mishell, B.B. and Shiigi, S. M., ed., W.H. Freeman and Company pp. 351-372, 1980). Fusion of myeloma cell SP2 with karyo-splencytes from mice immunized with the polypeptide A-KLH complex is discussed in details, hereafter.

Through the following procedures, karyo-splencytes prepared in the foregoing section (c) (cell viability 100%) were fused in a 5:1 ratio with myeloma cells (cell viability 100%). A polypeptide A-immunized splencyte suspension and myeloma cells were separately washed in RPMI 1640 medium. The material was then suspended in the same medium, and 3x108 cells of karyo-splencytes and 6x107 cells of myeloma cells were mixed for fusion. The cells were then precipitated by centrifugation, and all the supernatant was completely discarded by suction. 2.0 ml of PEG 4000 solution (RPMI 1640 medium containing 50% [w/v] polyethylene glycol 4000) prewarmed at 37°C was added dropwise to the precipitated cells over 1 minute, 1 minute stirring was

performed, and the cells were resuspended and dispersed. Next, 2.0 ml of RPMI 1640 medium prewarmed at 37°C was added in a dropwise fashion over 1 minute. After repeating the same operation once more, 14 ml of RPMI 1640 medium was added dropwise over 2 to 3 minutes under constant stirring, and the cells were dispersed. The dispersion was centrifuged and the supernatant was completely discarded by Next, 30 ml of NS-1 medium (RPMI 1640 medium suction. containing filter-sterilized 15% [w/v] fetal calf serum [JRH Biosciences]) prewarmed at 37°C was rapidly added to the precipitated cells, and the large cell clumps were carefully dispersed by pipetting. The dispersion was then diluted by adding 30 ml of NS-1 medium, and 6.0×10^5 cells/0.1 ml/well was added to a polystyrene 96-microwell plate. The abovenoted cell-filled microwells were cultured in 7% carbonic acid gas/93% atmospheric air at 37°C and 100% humidity.

In the case of splencytes derived from mice immunized with the polypeptide B-KLH complex, 6.4x10⁸ cells of splencytes and 1.28x10⁸ cells of myeloma cells were mixed, and respectively, 4.3 ml, 38.7 ml and 129 ml of the above-used PEG 4000 solution, RPMI 1640 medium and NS-1 medium were used. In the case of splencytes derived from mice immunized with the polypeptide C-KLH complex, 6.8x10⁸ cells of splencytes and 1.36x10⁸ cells of myeloma cells were mixed, and 4.5 ml, 40.5 ml and 135 ml of respectively PEG 4000 solution, RPMI 1640 medium and NS-1 medium were used.

(e) Selective Amplification of Hybridomas by Selective Culture Medium

On the day following the start of culturing mentioned in the above section (d) (Day 1), 2 drops (approx. 0.1 ml) HAT culture medium (100 µM hypoxanthine, 0.4 µM aminopterin and 16 μM thymidine added to NS-1 culture medium) were added to the cells with a Pasteur pipette. On Days 2, 3, 5 and 8, half of each culture medium (approx. 0.1 ml) was replaced with fresh HAT medium, and on Day 11, half of each culture medium was replaced with fresh HT culture medium (HAT culture medium not containing aminopterin). On Day 14, for all the wells in which hybridoma growth was observed to the naked eye, positive wells were investigated by enzyme-linked Specifically, immunoadsorbent assay (ELISA). polystyrene 96-well plate was respectively coated with polypeptides A, B and C serving as antigens, washed using PBS for washing (containing 0.05% Tween 20), and unadsorbed peptides were thus removed. In addition, the uncoated portion of each well was blocked with 1% BSA. 0.1 ml of supernatant from wells in which hybridoma growth was confirmed was added to each polypeptide-coated well, and the plate was stood at room temperature for approximately 1 hour.

Horseradish peroxidase-labeled goat anti-mouse immunoglobulin was added as a secondary antibody, and the plate was again stood at room temperature for approximately another 1 hour. A substrate of hydrogen peroxide and o-

phenylenediamine was added, and the degree of color development was measured as absorbance at 492 nm using a microplate light absorbency measuring device (MRP-A4, Tosoh).

(f) Hybridoma Cloning

Hybridomas in wells positive with respect to individual antigen peptides, as obtained in the foregoing section (e), were monocloned according to the limiting dilution method. Specifically, hybridomas were diluted to 5, 1 and 0.5 per well and were respectively added to 36, 36 and 24 wells of a 96 microwells. On Day 5 and Day 12, approximately 0.1 ml NS-1 medium was added to each well. Approximately 2 weeks after cloning began, the ELISA noted in section (e) was performed for groups in which sufficient hybridoma growth was visually confirmed and 50% or more wells were negative for colony formation. If all tested wells were not positive, 4 to 6 antibody-positive wells in which the number of colonies was 1 were selected, and recloning was performed. Finally, as shown in Table 1 and Table 2, 12, 20 and 9 hybridomas were obtained which produced monoclonal antibodies against polypeptide A, polypeptide B or polypeptide C, respectively.

(g) Hybridoma Culturing and Monoclonal Antibody Purification

Each obtained hybridoma was cultured in NS-1 medium and a 10 to 100 μ g/ml concentration of monoclonal antibody was successfully obtained from the supernatant thereof. addition, BALB/c mice given an one week intraperitoneal administration of pristane were given a similar intraperitoneal administration of 1x107 cells of obtained hybridomas, and after 1 to 2 weeks, abdominal fluid containing 4 to 7 mg/ml of monoclonal antibody was successfully obtained. The abdominal fluid obtained was salted out by 40% saturated ammonium sulfate, and IgG class antibodies were adsorbed to Protein A Affigel (Bio-Rad) and purified by elution with a 0.1M citric acid buffer, pH 5.

- (h) Determination of Monoclonal Antibody Class and Subclass In accordance with the above-discussed ELISA, the supernatant of monoclones obtained in section (f) were added to microtitration plates respectively coated with polypeptide A, polypeptide B or polypeptide C. After washing with PBS, isotype-specific rabbit anti-mouse IgG antibodies (Zymed Lab.) were added. After washing with PBS, horseradish peroxidase-labeled goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) was added, and class and subclass were determined using hydrogen peroxide and 2.2'-azino-di(3-ethylbenzthiazolinic acid) as a substrate.
- (i) Specificity of Anti-MT-MMP Monoclonal Antibodies

The cross-reactivity of five varieties of anti-MT-MMP monoclonal antibodies (monoclone numbers 113-5B7, 113-15E7, 114-1F1, 114-2F2 and 118-3B1) exhibiting a positive reaction against a human MT-MMP peptide was determined by the ELISA noted in the foregoing section (e), using as respective antigens: proMMP-1 (Clin. Chim. Acta, 219:1-14, 1993), proMMP-2 (Clin. Chim. Acta, 221:91-103, 1993) and proMMP-3 (Clin. Chim. Acta, 211:59-72, 1992) respectively purified from the supernatant of nomal human skin fibroblast (NB1RGB) culture; proMMP-7 purified from the supernatant of human rectal carcinoma cell (CaR-1) culture (Cancer Res., 50:7758-7764, 1990), proMMP-8 purified from human neutrophils (Biol. Chem. Hoppe-Seyler, 371 supp:295-304, 1990) and proMMP-9 purified from the supernatant of human fibrosarcoma cells (HT1080) culture (J. Biol. Chem., 267: 21712-21719, 1992).

Specifically, using a polystyrene 96-well plate, each well was coated by adding 50 ng/well of purified MMP-1, MMP-2, MMP-3, MMP-7, MMP-8 and MMP-9, respectively. Washing was performed with PBS for washing and non-adsorbed antigen was removed, and the uncoated portion of each well was blocked with PBS containing 3% skim milk. 1 µg/well of each MT-MMP monoclonal antibody was respectively added to each well and stood at room temperature for approximately 1 hour. After washing plate, peroxidase-labeled goat anti-mouse immunoglobulin was added as a secondary antibody, and the plate was again stood at room temperature for approximately 1 hour. A substrate of hydrogen peroxide and o-phenylene

diamine was added, and the degree of color development was measured absorbance at 492 nm using a microplate light absorbency measuring device (MRP-A4, Tosoh).

In results, as shown in Table 3, each anti-MT-MMP monoclonal antibody showed no reactivity against purified MMPs other than the MT-MMP supplied for testing.

TABLE 1

Polypeptide	Monoclone No.	Subclass/Chain
A	114-1F2	<u> </u>
A	114-2F2	γ1/κ
	114-3H7	γ1/κ
	114-5E4	· γ1/κ
	114-6G6	γ1/κ
	114-8D10	γ1/κ
	114-9H3	μ/κ
	114-15E8	γ1/κ
	114-16C11	γ1/κ
	114-18E4	γ1/κ
	114-19F11	γ1/κ
	114-20H5	μ/κ
В	113-1E3	γ3/κ
	113-2E9	γ3/κ
	113-3F6	γ2b/κ
	113-4H7	γ3/κ
	113-5B7	γ3/κ
	113-7C6	γ2b/κ
	113-9G9	γ3/κ
	113-10F2	γ3/κ
	113-13G11	γ3/κ
	113-15E7	γ3/κ
	113-16Н8	γ3/κ
	113-17G12	μ/κ
	113-19A10	μ/κ
	113-20G11	γ3/κ
	113-21Н3	γ1/κ
	113-26D3	μ/κ
	113-44C1	γ1/κ
	113-46B7	γ1/κ
	113-53G5	μ/κ
	113-63E8	γ1/κ

TABLE 2

Polypeptide	Monoclone No.	Subclass/Chain
С	118-3B1	γ2b/κ
	118-6F3	γ2b/κ
	118-8D11	γ1/κ
	118-9B11	γ1/κ
	118-13D11	α/κ
	118-18C12	γ1/κ
	118-20A3	γ2b/κ
	118-25C3	γ1/κ
	118-26F5	γ3/κ

TABLE 3

Monoclone		C	ross re	activit	У	
No.	MMP-1	MMP-2	MMP-3	MMP-7	MMP-8	MMP-9
113-5B7	-	_	_	-	_	-
113-15E7	-	_	-	_	_	-
114-1F2	-	-	_	-	-	
114-2F2	-	-	-	-	-	-
118-3B1	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	-	_

- :No reaction

Working Example 4 Expression and Identification of Gene Product

By means of EcoR I cleavage, an insertion fragment was excised from the recombinant pBluescript containing a cloned MT-MMP gene, constructed in section (f) of Working Example 1. Cloning was then carried out at an EcoR I site

of the eukaryotic expression vector pSG5 (Stratagene). Then, human fibrosarcoma cells (HT1080) were transfected with said recombinant pSG5 by a calcium phosphate method. Specifically, 20 μg of recombinant pSG5 and 62 μl of 2M $CaCl_2$ was added to distilled water, and 2x HBSP solution (50mM HEPES buffer, pH 7.1 containing 1.5mM Na₂HPO₄, 10mM KCl, 280mM NaCl and 12mM glucose) was added to the bottom of the tube to form a total volume of 1 ml. This material was mixed, stood at room temperature for approximately 30 minutes, and thorough precipitate formation was carried out. The precipitate was dispersed by pipetting, added dropwise to HT1080 cells and incubated for approximately 4 hours in a ${\rm CO_2}$ incubator. Next, the culture medium was removed, a 15% glycerol solution was added and treated for 1 to 3 hours, the glycerol was discarded by suction, washed with PBS and fresh culture medium containing 35S-methionine was added. Culturing was continued, and cellular proteins were labeled by ^{35}S . Incidentally, expression of MT-MMP genes in HT1080 cells cannot be detected by Northern Blot analysis.

The cells were incubated for 1 hour at 4°C in a lysing buffer solution (0.01M Tris-HCl buffer, pH 8 containing 1% Triton X-100, 1% bovine hemoglobin, 1mM iodoacetamide, 0.2U trypsin inhibitor, 1mM PMSF and 0.14M NaCl). The cell lysate was centrifuged and the supernatant was recovered. Sepharose-4B (Pharmacia) coupled with a monoclonal antibody obtained in Working Example 3 was added to the supernatant, the material was incubated at 4°C for 2 hours with

agitation, and immunoprecipitation was carried out. Monoclonal antibodies against polypeptide A used in immunoprecipitation were two of the 12 obtained in Working Example 3 which had low non-specific reactivity (monoclone numbers 114-1F2 and 114-2F2 [Assignment No. FERM BP-4743]). Next, Sepharose 4B coupled with monoclonal antibodies subjected to immunoprecipitation were precipitated by centrifugation, washed three times with a washing solution (0.01M Tris-HCl buffer, pH 8 containing 1% Triton X-100, 1% bovine hemoglobin and 0.14M NaCl), and lastly, washed with 0.05M Tris-HCl buffer, pH 6.8. A sample buffer for SDS polyacrylamide electrophoresis was added to washed Sepharose-4B coupled with a monoclonal antibody, boiled 5 minutes at 100°C, and SDS polyacrylamide electrophoresis was carried out. The electrophoresed gel was layered with X-ray film (Kodak XR), 1 week autoradiography was then carried out at -70°C, and the developed X-ray films were traced by a densitometer to measure signal intensity. With each of the anti-MT-MMP monoclonal antibodies used (monoclone numbers 114-1F2 and 114-2F2), the immunoprecipitate contained a 63 kDa protein. In cells transfected with a pSG5 vector alone not containing an MT-MMP gene as a control, anti-MT-MMP monoclonal antibodies (monoclone numbers 114-1F2 and 114-2F2) did not precipitate a 63 kDa protein. The 63 kDa molecular weight οf the protein detected immunoprecipitation nearly matched a molecular weight of 65.78 kDa calculated from the amino acid sequence denoted by

Sequence Sheet sequence number 1. In addition, a variant MT-MMP expression plasmid was constructed in which amino acids from position 13 to position 101 were deleted from the amino acid sequence denoted by Sequence Sheet sequence number 1, HT1080 cells was transfected with said variant as stated above, and immunoprecipitation was carried out. With HT1080 cells to which the variant MT-MMP gene was introduced, a 63 kDa protein was not detected, and a 55 kDa protein was detected. This molecular weight matched a molecular weight predicted from the introduced deletion.

EXPERIMENTAL EXAMPLE

(a) Activation of proMMP-2 by MT-MMP Expression

Recombinant pSG5 carrying a cloned MT-MMP gene, constructed in Working Example 4, and a pSG5 vector alone, serving as a control, similarly transfected into HT1080 cells by the calcium phosphate method mentioned in Working Example 4, or into mouse embryonic fibroblasts NIH3T3. However, a regular fresh culture medium was used in lieu of the fresh culture medium containing ³⁵S-methionine. Both the HT1080 cells and the NIH3T3 cells secreted proMMP-2 and proMMP-9 (corresponding respectively to the 66 kDa and 97.4 kDa bands in Figure 6), and in cells transfected with an MT-MMP gene, MT-MMP expression was confirmed by immunoprecipitation experiments (See Working Example 4).

The transfectants obtained were cultured for 24 hours in a serum free medium and the recovered culture supernatant

was supplied for zymography. The culture supernatant was mixed with an SDS polyacrylamide electrophoresis buffer (non-reducing condition) and left at 4°C overnight. Electrophoresis was then performed at 4°C, with a 20 mA current, using a 10% polyacrylamide gel containing 1 mg/ml casein. After electrophoresis, the gel was washed with a gelatinase-buffer (Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.6 containing 5mM CaCl₂ and 1 μ M ZnSO₄) containing 2.5% Triton X-100 with gentle agitation for 15 minutes, and this operation was repeated twice. Next, the gel was immersed in a gelatinase-buffer containing 1% Triton X-100 and stood at 37°C overnight. The buffer was discarded and the gel was stained for 1 hour with 0.02% Coomassie Brilliant Blue-R (dissolved in 50% methanol/10% acetic acid) and destained by immersion in a destaining solution (5% methanol, 7.5% acetic acid).

As shown in Figure 6, MT-MMP gene-transfected HT1080 cells produced new 64 kDa and 62 kDa bands, confirming proMMP-2 activation. This active-form MMP-2 exhibited the same molecular weight as an active-form MMP-2 molecule induced by treatment of cells with 100 μ g/ml of concanavalin A and reacted specifically against anti-MMP-2 monoclonal antibodies. This activation was not observed in a control transfected with a vector alone. Likewise, proMMP-9 showed no change in molecular weight and no activation similar to that observed in control cells. Such activation of proMMP-2 depending on MT-MMP expression was also observed in MT-MMP gene-transfected NIH3T3 cells.

(b) Activation of ProMMP-2 by MT-MMP Expression Cell Membrane Fraction

In a manner similar to that noted in the above section (a), African green monkey kidney-derived COS-1 cells were transfected with recombinant pSG5 containing cloned MT-MMP gene, or with control pSG5 vector alone by a calcium phosphate method. A cell membrane fraction was then prepared from the obtained transfectant according to the method of Strongin et al. (J. Biol. Chem., 268:14033-14039, 1993).

The transfectant was washed with PBS, and cells were harvested by centrifugation and suspended in a 25mM Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.4 containing 8.5% sucrose, 50mM NaCl, 10mM Nethylmaleimide, 10 μ g/ml aprotinin, 1 μ g/ml pepstatin A, 1 μ g/ml leupeptin and 1mM phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride. The cell suspension was homogenized in a Dounce homogenizer, and the homogenate was centrifuged (3000x g, 10 min., 4° C). The resulting supernatant was ultracentrifuged (100,000x g, 2 hours) and the precipitate was suspended in a 25mM Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.4 containing 50mM NaCl, 10mM Nethylmaleimide, 10 μ g/ml aprotinin, 1 μ g/ml pepstatin A, 1 μ g/ml leupeptin and 1mM phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride. This suspension was fractionated by discontinuous sucrose density gradient centrifugation (20, 30, 50, 60% sucrose solutions; 100,000x g; 2 hours; $4^{\circ}C$), and bands of cell membrane fractions appeared were recovered. These fractions

were precipitated again by ultracentrifugation (100,000x g, 2 hours), suspended in 25mM HEPES/KOH buffer, pH 7.5 containing 0.1mM $CaCl_2$ and 0.25% Triton X-100, and adjusted to a final protein concentration of 1-2 mg/ml. This suspension was ultracentrifuged (100,000x g, 1.5 hours, 4°C) to remove insoluble residue, and the supernatant obtained was taken as a cell membrane fraction.

Cell membrane fractions (protein content 20 μg) respectively prepared from untreated COS-1 cells or from COS-1 cells transfected with pSG5 vector alone or pSG5 vector with an MT-MMP gene were incubated with HT1080 cell culture supernatant at 37°C for 2 hours. Using these samples, the zymography noted in the above section (a) was performed.

In the results, new 64 kDa and 62 kDa bands appeared and the activation of proMMP-2 present in HT1080 cell culture supernatant was observed only when cell membrane fractions derived from MT-MMP gene-transfected COS-1 cells were used (see Figure 7), and the activation of proMMP-2 was inhibited by the addition of recombinant (r) human TIMP-2. These results exhibited the activation of proMMP-2 by MT-MMP expressed on a cell membrane.

(c) Stimulation of cellular invasion in vitro due to MT-MMP expression

Invasion of cells was assayed by modified Boyden Chamber method (Cancer Res., 47:3239-3245, 1987), and

operations were carried out in accordance with the manufucture's instructions for a Biocoat Matrigel Invasion Chamber (Becton Dickinson).

In a manner similar to that noted in the foregoing section (a), HT1080 cells or NIH3T3 cells were transfected with recombinant pSG5 carrying a cloned MT-MMP gene, or a control pSG5 vector alone, by a calcium phosphate method, and each of these host cells secreted proMMP-2. The resulting transfectants were then suspended in DMEM medium containing 0.1% BSA, and 2×10^5 cells were seeded onto an uncoated filter (pore size 8 μ m) or a preswelled Matrigel Coat filter in a Biocoat Matrigel Invasion Chambers. After 24 hours incubation in a CO2 incubator at 37°C, the filters were fixed by 10 seconds immersion in methanol. The filters were then stained by hematoxylin for 3 minutes, washed, and stained by eosin for 10 seconds, and the number of cells invaded the bottom surface of the filters were counted under a light microscope (at a magnification of x 400).

In the MT-MMP gene-transfected HT1080 cells and NIH3T3 cells, more than twice as many invading cells were seen compared to cells transfected with the control vector alone (See Figure 8 Matrigel). Specifically, MT-MMP expression was seen to stimulate cellular invasion. Furthermore, the addition of 10 μ g/ml of r-human TIMP-2 to this assay system clearly suppressed cellular invasion (see Figure 8 Matrigel+r-human TIMP-2).

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

Figure 1 shows hydrophilic and hydrophobic distribution diagrams for the amino acid sequence of MT-MMP, according to the Kyte-Doolittle method.

Figures 2A, 2B, 2C, 2D, 2E, 2F, 2G and 2H are figures comparing sequential homology between the amino acid sequences of MT-MMP and those of the known MMP family (MMP-1, MMP-2, MMP-3, MMP-7, MMP-8, MMP-9, MMP-10 and MMP-11). Letters in each figure indicate respective amino acids; A corresponding to Ala, C to Cys, D to Asp, E to Glu, F to Phe, G to Gly, H to His, I to Ile, K to Lys, L to Leu, M to Met, N to Asn, P to Pro, Q to Gln, R to Arg, S to Ser, T to Thr, V to Val, W to Trp and Y to Tyr. Figures 2A through 2H are an integral unit and comprise a single figure.

Figure 3 shows a relative expression of MT-MMP mRNA in various human tissues, according to Northern blot analysis.

Figure 4 shows a relative expression of MT-MMP mRNA in a normal tissue and a tumour tissue of two samples of human lung squamous cell carcinoma, according to Northern blot analysis.

Figure 5 shows results for detection, by immunoprecipitation, of MT-MMP proteins expressed in HT1080 cells transfected with MT-MMP cDNA. The figure shows a scan by a densitometer, and the darkened areas indicate the location of MT-MMP immunoprecipitated by anti-MT-MMP monoclonal antibody.

Figure 6 shows an activation of proMMP-2 by expression of MT-MMP, according to zymography of culture supernatant from HT1080 and NIH3T3 cells transfected with MT-MMP cDNA.

Figure 7 shows an activation of proMMP-2 by a cell membrane fraction of COS-1 cells transfected with MT-MMP cDNA, according to zymography.

Figure 8 shows a stimulation of the cellular invasion by expression of MT-MMP, according to a partially modified Boyden chamber method.

```
[Sequence Sheet 1]
Sequence No.: 1
Length of sequence: 582
Type of sequence: Amino acid
Topology: Linear
Class of sequence: Protein
Sequence
 Het Ser Pro Ala Pro Arg Pro Ser Arg Cys Leu Leu Pro Leu
                  5
                                      10
                                                          15
 Leu Thr Leu Gly Thr Ala Leu Ala Ser Leu Gly Ser Ala Gln Ser
                  20
                                      25
                                                          30
 Ser Ser Phe Ser Pro Glu Ala Trp Leu Gln Gln Tyr Gly Tyr Leu
                  35
                                      40
                                                         45
 Pro Pro Gly Asp Leu Arg Thr His Thr Gln Arg Ser Pro Gln Ser
                  50
                                     55
 Leu Ser Ala Ala Ile Ala Ala Met Gln Lys Phe Tyr Gly Leu Gln
                  65
                                                         75
 Val The Cly Lys Ala Asp Ala Asp The Net Lys Ala Met Arg Arg
                 80
                                     85
Pro Arg Cys Cly Val Pro Asp Lys Phe Gly Ala Glu lle Lys Ala
                 95
                                    100
Asn Yal Arg Arg Lys Arg Tyr Ala lle Gin Gly Leu Lys Trp Gin
                110
                                    115
His Asn Glu lle Thr Phe Cys lle Gln Asn Tyr Thr Pro Lys Yal
                125
                                    130
Gly Glu Tyr Ala Thr Tyr Glu Ala lle Arg Lys Ala Phe Arg Val
                140
                                    145
                                                       150
Trp Glu Ser Ala Thr Pro Leu Ars Phe Ars Glu Yal Pro Tyr Ala
                155
```

160

165

(Se	eque	nce	She	eet	2]									
Sec	ıuen	ce :	No.	: 1	(co	ntir	ued	.)						
Ţyı	- 116	e Ara	; Clu	Cl)	His	Glu	ılys	. Gln	ı Ala	n Asp	He	e Met	. 116	e Phé
				170)				175	· •				180
Phe	e Ala	Gli	ı Gly	Phe	His	Gly	Asp	Ser	Thr	Pro	Phe	. Asp	Cly	Glu
				185	•				190)				195
Gly	Gly	Phe	e Leu	ı Ala	His	Дlа	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Gly	Pro	Asn	He	Gly
				200	ł				205	ı				210
Gly	Asp	Thr	His	Phe	Asp	Ser	Ala	Glu	Pro	Тгр	Thr	Yal	ΆΓg	lsn
				215					220	_				225
Glu	Asp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asn	Хsр	He	Phe	Leu	Ya I	Ala	Yal	His	Glu
				230					235					240
Leu	Gly	His	Ala	Leu	GJ y	Leu	Glu	His	-Ser	Ser	ÅSP	Pro	Ser	λla
				245					250					255
lle	Met	Ala	Pro	Phe	Tyr	Gin	Тгр	Неt	ķsp	Thr	Glu	Asn	Phe	Yal
				260					265			-		270
Leu	Pro	Asp	Asp	Asp	Arg	λrg	Cly	He	Gln	0 l n	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Gly
				275					280					285
Glu	Ser	Gly	Phe	Pro	Thr	Lys	Het	Pro	Pro	Gln	Pro	Arg	Thr	Thr
				290					295					300
Ser	Arg	Pro	Ser	Val	Pro	Asp	Lys	Pro	Lys	åsn	Pro	Thr	Tyr	Gly
	-			305					310					315
Рго	Asn	He	Cys	дsр	Gly	λsn	Phe	Asp	Thr	۷àl	Ala	Met	Leu	λrg
				320					325					330
Gly	Glu	Net	Phe	Val	Phe	Lys	Lys	Arg	Trp	Phe	Ггр	Arg	Y a ł	λιε
				335					340					345
Asn	Asn	Gln	Yal	Net	Asp	Сlу	Ťуг	Pro	Жet	Pro	He	Gly	Gln	Phe
				350					355					360
Trp	Arg	Gly	Leu.	Pro	Ala	Ser	He	Asn	Thr	Ala	Гуг	Glu	Arg	Lys
				365					370					375

```
[Sequence Sheet 3]
 Sequence No.: 1 (continued)
 Asp Cly Lys Phe Val Phe Phe Lys Cly Asp Lys His Trp Val Phe
                 380
                                      385 .
                                                          390
Asp Glu Ala Ser Leu Glu Pro Gly Tyr Pro Lys His lle Lys Glu
                 395
                                      400
                                                          405
Leu Gly Arg Gly Leu Pro Thr Asp Lys lle Asp Ala Ala Leu Phe
                 410
                                      415
                                                          420
Trp Het Pro Asn Gly Lys Thr Tyr Phe Phe Ar: Gly Asn Lys Tyr
                 425
                                      430
                                                          435
Tyr Arg Phe Asn Clu Glu Leu Arg Ala Yal Asp Ser Glu Tyr Pro
                 440
                                                          450
                                     445
Lys Asn lle Lys Val Trp Glu Gly lle Pro Glu Ser Pro Arg Gly
                 455
                                     460
                                                          465
Ser Phe Het Gly Ser Asp Glu Val Phe Thr Tyr Phe Tyr Lys Gly
                 470
                                     475
Asn Lys Tyr Trp Lys Phe Asn Asn Gln Lys Leu Lys Val Glu Pro
                 485
                                     490
Gly Tyr Pro Lys Ser Ala Leu Ar: Asp Trp Net Gly Cys Pro Ser
                 500
                                     505
Gly Gly Arg Pro Asp Glu Gly Thr Glu Glu Glu Thr Glu Val Jle
                515
                                     520
lle lle Glu Val Asp Glu Glu Gly Gly Gly Ala Val Ser Ala Ala
                530
                                     535
Ala Val Val Leu Pro Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Val Leu Ala Val
                545
                                     550
                                                         555
Gly Leu Ala Val Phe Phe Phe Ar; Ars His Gly The Pro Arg Ar;
                560
                                     565
                                                         570
Leu Leu Tyr tys (In Arg Ser Leu Leu Asp Lys Val
                575
                                     580
```

[Sequence Sheet 4]

Sequence No.: 2

Length of sequence: 3403

Type of sequence: Nucleic acid

Number of chain: Double strand

Topology: Linear

Class of sequence: cDNA to mRNA

Origin:

Species: Human

Tissue: Placenta

[Sequence Sheet 5]

AGTTCAGTGCCTACC	GANGACAAAGGCGCC	CCGAGGGAGTGGCGG	TGCGACCCCAGGGCG	60
TGGGCCCGGCCGGG	AGCCACACTGCCCGG	CTGACCCGGTGGTCT	CGGACCATGTCTČCC MetSerPro /	120
GCCCCAAGACCCTCC	CGTTGTCTCCTGCTC	CCCCTGCTCACGCTC	GGCACCGCGCTCGCC	180
AlaProArgProSer \$	ArgCysLeuLeuLeu 10	ProLeuLeuThrLeu 15	GlyThrAlaLeuAla 20	
			CTACAGCAATATGGC	240
SerLeuGlySerAla	GInSerSerSerPhe	SerProGluAlaTrp	LeuGlnGlnTyrGly <i>40</i>	
			CAGTCACTCTCAGCG	300
TyrLeuProProGly	AspLeuArgThrHis So	ThrGInArgSerPro らか	GInSerLeuSerAla 60	
	CAGAAGTTTTACGGC			360
AlaIleAlaAlaMet	GInLysPheTyrGly 20	LeuGInValThrGly	LysAlaAspAlaAsp	
ACCATGAAGGCCATG	AGGCGCCCCGATGT	GGTGTTCCAGACAAG	TTTGGGGCTGAGATC	420
ThrMetLysAlaNet よら	ArgArgProArgCys <i>90</i>	GlyValProAspLys 95	PheGlyAlaGluIle	
AAGGCCAATGTTCGA	${\tt AGGAAGCGCTACGCC}$	ATCCAGGGTCTCAAA	TGGCAACATAATGAA	480
LysAlaAsnValArg	ArgLysArgTyrAla //O	lleGlnGlyLeuLys //5	TrpGlnHisAsnGlu 120	
	CAGAATTACACCCCC			540
IleThrPheCysIle ノュケ	GInAsnTyrThrPro /30	LysValGlyGluTyr 135	AlaThrTyrGluAla 140	
	CGCGTGTGCGAGAGT			600
lleArgLysAlaPhe /45	ArgValTrpGluSer /\$0	AlaThrProLeuArg 155	PheArgGluValPro	
TATGCCTACATCCGT			ATCTTCTTTGCCGAG	660
TyrAlaTyrlleArg /65	ÇluGlyHisGluLys 170	GinAlaAsplieMet /75	11ePhePheAlaGlu /80	

[Sequence Sheet 6]

			CTGGCCCATGCCTAC LeuAlaHisAlaTyr	720
		CACTTTGACTCTGCC HisPheAspSerAla	GAGCCTTGGACTGTC GluProTrpThrVal	780
	AATGGAAATGACATC AsnGlyAsnAspIle ふみの	TTCCTGGTGGCTGTG PheLeuValAlaVal シシミケ	CACGAGCTGGGCCAT HisGluLeuGlyHis	840
		TCGGCCATCATGGCA SerAlaIleMetAla ユケケ		900
		GATGACCGCCGGGGC AspAspArgArgGly ユクケ		960
GGGGGTGAGTCAGGG GlyGlyGluSerGly _2&S	TTCCCCACCAAGATG PheProThrLysMet	CCCCCTCAACCCAGG ProProGInProArg	ACTACCTCCCGGCCT ThrThrSerArgPro	1020
		TATGGGCCCAACATC TyrGlyProAsnIle		1080
GACACCGTGGCCATG AspThrValAlaMet シンケ		TTTGTCTTCAAGAAG PheVal PheLysLys みらく		1140
		CCAATGCCCATTGGC ProMetProlleGly タダン		1200
		AGGAAGGATGGCAAA ArgLysAspGlyLys シナケ		1260
GGAGACAAGCATTGG GlyAspLysHisTrp 385		TCCCTGGAACCTGGC SerLeuGluProGly ヨタケ	TACCCCAAGCACATT TyrProLysHisIle	1320

[Sequence Sheet 7]

AAGGAGCTGGGCCGA	GGGCTGCCTACCGAC	AAGATTGATGCTGCT	CTCTTCTGGATGCCC	1380
LysGluLeuGlyArg	GlyLeuProThrAsp 410	LyslieAspAlaAla &/5	LeuPheTrpMetPro 420	
AATGGAAAGACCTAC	TICTTCCGTGGAAAC	AAGTACTACCGTTTC	AACGAAGAGCTCAGG	1440
AsnGlyLysThrTyr	PhePheArgGlyAsn 430			
GCAGTGGATAGCGAG	TACCCCAAGAACATC	AAAGTCTGGGAAGGG	ATCCCTGAGTCTCCC	1500
AlaValAspSerGlu 445	TyrProLysAsnIle #50	LysValTrpGluGly 似らち	IleProGluSerPro 460	
AGAGGGTCATTCATG	GGCAGCGATGAAGTC	TTCACTTACTTCTAC	AAGGGGAACAAATAC	1560
ArgGlySerPheMet	GlySerAspGluVal <i>470</i>	PheThrTyrPheTyr 475	LysGlyAsnLysTyr <i>48</i> 0	
TGGAAATTCAACAAC	CAGAAGCTGAAGGTA	GAACCGGGCTACCCC	AAGTCAGCCCTGAGG	1620
TrpLysPheAsnAsn	GInLysLeuLysVal <i>490</i>	GluProGlyTyrPro 495	LysSerAlaLeuArg 500	
GACTGGATGGGCTGC	CCATCGGGAGGCCGG	CCGGATGAGGGGACT	GAGGAGGAGACGGAG	1680
AspTrpMetGlyCys	ProSerGlyGlyArg 510	ProAspGluGlyThr 575	GluGluGluThrGlu	
GTGATCATCATTGAG	GTGGACGAGGAGGGC	GGCGGGGGGGTGAGC	GCGGCTGCCGTGGTG	1740
ValllellelleGlu حدح	ValAspGluGluGly 530	GlyGlyAlaValSer 535	AlaAlaAlaValVal S440	
CTGCCCGTGCTGCTG	CTGCTCCTGGTGCTG	GCGGTGGGCCTTGCA	GTCTTCTTCTTCAGA	1800
LeuProValLeuLeu	LeuLeuLeuValLeu	AlaValGlyLeuAla SSS	ValPhePhePheArg 560	
CGCCATGGGACCCCC	AGGCGACTGCTCTAC	TGCCAGCGTTCCCTG	CTGGACAAGGTCTGA	1860
ArgHisGlyThrPro	ArgArgLeuLeuTyr \$70	CysGlnArgSerLeu 575	LeuAspLysVal \$80	
CGCCCATCCGCCGGC	CCGCCCACTCCTACC	ACAAGGACTTTGCCT	CTGAAGGCCAGTGGC	1920
AGCAGGTGGTGGTGG	GTGGGCTGCTCCCAT	CGTCCCGAGCCCCCT	CCCCGCAGCCTCCTT	1980

[Sequence Sheet 8]

GCTTCTCTGTCCC CTGGCTGGCCTCCTT CACCCTGACCGCCTC CCTCCCTCCCCCC	2040
GGCATTGCATCTTCC CTAGATAGGTCCCCT GAGGGCTGAGTGGGA GGGCGGCCCTTTCCA	2100
GCCTCTGCCCCTCAG GGGAACCCTGTAGCT TTGTGTCTGTCCAGC CCCATCTGAATGTGT	2160
TGGGGGCTCTGCACT TGAAGGCAGGACCCT CAGACCTCGCTGGTA AAGGTCAAATGGGGT	2220
CATCTGCTCCTTTTC CATCCCCTGACATAC CTTAACCTCTGAACT CTGACCTCAGGAGGC	2280
TCTGGGGAACTCCAG GCCTGAAAGCCCCAG GTGTACCCAATTGGC AGCCTCTCACTACTC	2340
TTTCTGGCTAAAAGG AATCTAATCTTGTTG AGGGTAGAGACCCTG AGACAGTGTGAGGGG	2400
GTGGGGACTGCCAAG CCACCCTAAGACCTT GGGAGGAAAACTCAG AGAGGGTCTTCGTTG	2460
CTCAGTCAGTCAAGT TCCTCGGAGATCTTC CTCTGCCTCACCTAC CCCAGGGAACTTCCA	2520
AGGAAGGAGCCTGAG CCACTGGGGACTAAG TGGGCAGAAGAAACC CTTGGCAGCCCTGTG	2580
CCTCTCGAATGTTAG CCTTGGATGGGGCTT TCACAGTTAGAAGAG CTGAAACCAGGGGTG	2640

[Sequence Sheet 9]

Sequence No.: 2 (continued)

*				
CAGCTGTCAGGTAGG	GTGGGGCCGGTGGGA	GAGGCCCGGGTCAGA	GCCCTGGGGGTGAGC	2700
CTTAAGGCCACAGAG	AAAGAACCTTGCCCA	AACTCAGGCAGCTGG	GGCTGAGGCCCAAAG	2760
GCAĠAACAGCCAGAG	GGGGCAGGAGGGGAC	CAAAAAGGAAAATGA	GGACGTGCAGCAGCA	2820
TTGGAAGGCTGGGGC	CCGGCAGCCAGGTTA	AAGCTAACAGGGGGC	CATCAGGGTGGGCTT	2880
GTGGAGCTCTCAGGA	ĄGGGCCCTGAGGAAG	GCACACTTGCTCCTG	ттостссстстсстт	2940
GCTGCCCAGGCAGGG	TGGAGGGGAAGGGTA	GGGCAGCCAGAGAAA	GGAGCAGAGAAGGCA	3000
CACAAACGAGGAATG	AGGGGCTTCACGAGA	GGCCACAGGGCCTGG	CTGGCCACGCTGTCC	3060
CGGCCTGCTCACCAT	CTCAGTGAGGGACAG	GAGCTGGGGCTGCTT	AGGCTGGGTCCACGC	3120
TTCCCTGGTGCCAGC	ACCCCTCAAGCCTGT	CTCACCAGTGGCCTG	ссстстссстссссс	3180
ACCCAGCCCACCCAT	TGAAGTCTCCTTGGG	TCCCAAAGGTGGGCA	TGGTACCGGGGACTT	3240
GGGAGAGTGAGACCC	AGTGGAGGGAGCAAG	ACGAGAGGGATGTGG	GGGGGTGGGGCACGG	3300
CTACCGCAAATGGCG	TGAACGGTGCTGGCA	GTTCGGCTAGATTTC	тстсттстттсттт	3360

TTTGTTTTGTTIAAT GTATATTTTTTTTTATTAT AATTATATATAT

[Sequence Sheet 10]

Sequence No.: 3

Length of sequence: 7

Type of sequence: Amino acid

Topology: Linear

Class of sequence: Peptide

Fragment type: Intermediate fragment

Sequence

Pro Arg Cys Gly Pro Val

5

1

[Sequence Sheet 11]

Sequence No.: 4

Length of sequence: 9

Type of sequence: Amino acid

Topology: Linear

Class of sequence: Peptide

Fragment type: Intermediate fragment

Sequence

Glu Gly Asp Ala His Phe Asp Asp Asp 5

1

[Sequence Sheet 12]

Sequence No.: 5

Length of sequence: 20

Type of sequence: Nucleic acid

Number of chain: Double strand

Topology: Linear

Class of sequence: Other nucleic acid, synthetic DNA

Sequence

CC(C/A)(C/A)G(G/A/C)TG(T/C)(C/G)G(G/A/C)(G/A)(A/T)(G/C/T)CC

(T/A)GA

[Sequence Sheet 13]

Sequence No.: 6

Length of sequence: 25

Type of sequence: Nucleic acid

Number of chain: Double strand

Topology: Linear

Class of sequence: Other nucleic acid, synthetic DNA

Sequence

(T/C) TC (G/A) T (G/C) (G/A/C) TC (G/A) TC (G/A) AA (G/A) TG (G/A) (G/A)

(C/A/T) (G/A) TC (T/C)

[Sequence Sheet 14]

Sequence No.: 7

Length of sequence: 27

Type of sequence: Amino acid

Topology: Linear

Class of sequence: Peptide

Fragment type: Intermediate fragment

Sequence

Val Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Val Ser Ala Gly 10 5 1 Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Val Val Leu Pro 20 15 Phe Ala Val Phe Leu Gly Leu Ala Val 25

[Sequence Sheet 15]

Sequence No.: 8

Length of sequence: 14

Type of sequence: Amino acid

Topology: Linear

Class of sequence: Peptide

Sequence

Arg Glu Val Pro Tyr Ala Tyr IIe Arg Glu

1 5 10

Gly His Glu Lys

[Sequence Sheet 16]

Sequence No.: 9

Length of sequence: 14

Type of sequence: Amino acid

Topology: Linear

Class of sequence: Peptide

Sequence

Asp Gly Asn Phe Asp Thr Val Ala Met Leu

1 5 10

Arg Gly Glu Met

[Sequence Sheet 17]

Sequence No.: 10

Length of sequence: 15

Type of sequence: Amino acid

Topology: Linear

Class of sequence: Peptide

Sequence

Pro Lys Ser Ala Leu Arg Asp Trp Met Gly

1 5 10

Cys Pro Ser Gly Gly

15

Claims

- 1. A native membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase characterized by a continuous sequence of hydrophobic amino acids peculiar to membrane-binding proteins from amino acid number 533 to 562 in the C terminus domain shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.
- 2. A native membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase according to claim 1, characterized by the amino acid sequence from amino acid number 160 to 173, 320 to 333 and from 498 to 512 shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.
- 3. A native membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase according to claim 1, characterized by the amino acid sequence from amino acid number 1 to 173, 320 to 333, 498 to 512 and 563 to 582 shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.
- 4. A DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 2 which corresponds to the amino acid sequence of a membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase according to claim 1, 2 or 3.
- 5. A plasmid containing a DNA having the nucleotide sequence according to claim 4 and expressing a membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase according to claim 1, 2 or 3.
- 6. A host cell harbouring a plasmid containing a DNA having the nucleotide sequence according to claim 4, and expressing a membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase according to claim 1, 2 or 3.

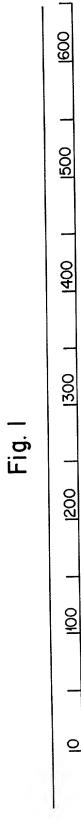
- 7. Monoclonal antibodies which peculiarly recognize a membrane-type matrix-metalloproteinase according to claim 1, 2 or 3.
- 8. A protein having the amino acid sequence shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.
- 9. A DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 2 which encodes a protein having the amino acid sequence shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.
- 10. A plasmid containing a DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 2, and expressing the protein shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.
- 11. A host cell harbouring a plasmid containing a DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 2, and expressing the protein shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.
- 12. Monoclonal antibodies which peculiarly recognize a protein having the amino acid sequence shown in Sequence Sheet sequence number 1.

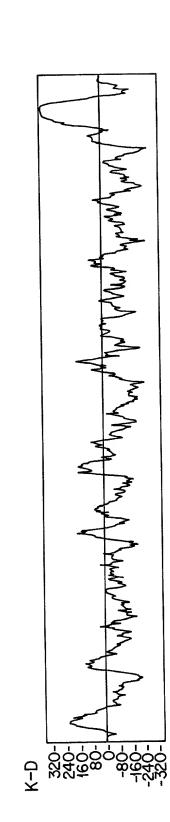
Abstract

A novel metalloproteinase, DNA encoding therefor, a plasmid carrying said DNA sequence and a host cell harbouring said plasmid, and monoclonal antibodies peculiarly recognizing said protein.

Useful in applications pertaining to diagnosis of the presence of tumour cells, the degree of cancer malignancy, and other medical and physiological fields.

The properties of the properti





The first first first first for the first first

2/15 Fig. 2A

33 37 37 33 33 38	20	74 88 85 85 86 67 81	100
IARA EQDVDLVQKY KTVQDY DSNKDLAQQY DTSMNLVQKY DLRTNLTDRQ DVAPK-TDKELQWE SSSFS-PEAW	; ; ; ; !	TQEAPRPASS GKPDAETLKV GKPNEETLDM GKLDTDTLEV GKLDSDTLEV GELDSATLKA GDLDQNTIET GMLNSRVIEI	GKLDTL
HSFPATLETQ FPVSSKEKNT YPLSGAAKEE YPLDGAARGE RQSTLVLFPGSPIIKFPG LPQEAGGMSE TALASLGSAQ	: : : : :	SPAPAPA MQEFFGLKVT MQRFTGLEVT MQKFLGLEVT LQKQLSLPET MQKFFGLPQT MQKFFGLPQT MQKFFGLPQT	MQKF.GL.VT
LLLLQPPPL- LLLLFWGVVS LLLHVQISKA VLLCLPVCSA LLLCVAVCSA LGCCFAAPRQAP CLLPGSLALP	LLL	PQPWHAALPS SGPVVEKLKQ TNVIVEKLKE SNLIVKKIQG SGPVVKKIRE SKSLGPALLL LFVLKDTLKK ANSLEAKLKE	KL
AARALLPPMLFPPLPFLPILLVLVLLV	Т. Б.	HAERR-G DGRQVEKRRN NQYQSTRKNG DVKQFRRK-D DVKQFVRRKD YTRVAEMRGE YGCPKE-SCN YLYDSETK-N GDLRTHTQRS	E
MAPAAWLRSA MHS MFSLKTL MMHL MKSL MSLWQP MSLWQP MSPAP	М	LPPDVHHL L-EKYYNLKN L-EKYYNLEK L-ENYYDLKK L-ENYYDLKK LAEEYLYRYG LAVQYLNTF- QAQDYLKRF- L-QQYGYLPP	L-E.YL
MMP-11 MMP-1 MMP-8 MMP-3 MMP-9 MMP-2 MMP-7 MMP-7	Consensus	MMP-11 MMP-1 MMP-10 MMP-3 MMP-2 MMP-2 MMP-7	Consensus

The properties of the properti

3/15 Fig. 2B

123 127 126 126 127 134 132 137	150	165 169 168 168 176 150 184
ILRFPWQLVQ IENYTPDLPR IRNYTPDLPR IVNYTPDLPR IQNYSEDLPR IIGYTPDLDP IVSYTRDLPH IQNYTPKVGE	I.NYTPDLP.	MIDFARYWDG MISFVRGDHR NIAFYQRDHG MISFAVKEHG MISFAVREHG VIQFGVAEHG MINFGRWEHG MIFFAEGFHG
RWEKTDLTYR RWEGTHLTYR KWERTHLTYR KWRKTHLTYR KWHHHNITYW KWDKNQITYR KWTSKVVTYR	KWT.LTYR	HEGRADI SQGEADI SQGEADI YEGEADI YEGEADI YSRDADI HDGEADI HDGEADI HDGEADI
RQKRFVLSGGTE-GNPFP-GMPFP-GDLFP-RKPFP-RKPFP-RKP	FP-G. P	TFTEV IFTRI TFSRI TFSRI TFSRI RFSRI RFSRI HFRKV
-PSDGLSARN -VAQ-FVLSGG-FMLVGH-FSSVGH-FRTLGR-FQTVAN-YNFVAN-YNF	-VGF	LKVWSDVTPL FQLWSNVTPL FELWSVASPL LKVWEEVTPL LKVWEEVTPL FALWSAVTPL FQVWSDVTPL LNMWGKEIPL FRVWESATPL FRVWESATPL
LRPPRCGVPD MKQPRCGVPD MRKPRCGVPD MRKPRCGVPD MRTPRCGVPD MRKPRCGVPD MRKPRCGVPD MRKPRCGVPD	MRKPRCGVPD	EQVRQTMAEA ADVDHAIEKA AEVERAIKDA DAVDSAIEKA DAVDSAVEKA AVIDDAFARA ETVDDAFARA ITVDRLVSKA YATYEAIRKA
MMP-11 MMP-1 MMP-8 MMP-3 MMP-9 MMP-2 MMP-7 MMP-7	Consensus	MMP-11 MMP-1 MMP-8 MMP-3 MMP-9 MMP-7 MT-MMP

The transfer of the transfer o

4/15 Fig. 2C

MMP-11	DDLPFDGPGG	ILAHAFFPKT	HREGDVHFDY	DETWTIGDDQ	GTD	208
MMP-1	DNSPFDGPGG	NLAHAFQPGP	GIGGDAHFDE	DERWTNNFT-	EYN	211
MMP-8	DNSPFDGPNG	ILAHAFQPGQ	GIGGDAHFDA	EETWTNTSA-	NXN	210
MMP-10	DFYSFDGPGH	VLAHAYPPGP	GLYGDIHFDD	DEKWTEDAS-	GTN	210
MMP-3	DFYPFDGPGN	VLAHAYAPGP	GINGDAHFDD	DEQWTKDTT-	GTN	211
MMP-9	DGYPFDGKDG	LLAHAFPPGP	GIQGDAHFDD	DELWSLGKG-	VVVPTRFGNA	225
MMP-2	DGYPFDGKDG	LLAHAFAPGT	GVGGDSHFDD	DELWTLGEG-	QVVRVKYGNA	199
MMP-7	DSYPFDGPGN	TLAHAFAPGT	GLGGDAHFDE	DERWTDGSSL	GIN	207
MT-MMP	DSTPFDGEGG	FLAHAYFPGP	NIGGDTHFDS	AEPWTVRNE-	DIN	229
Consensus	D.YPFDGPGG	. LAHAF. PGP	GIGGDAHFD.	DE.WT	NN.	250
MMP-11		! ! ! ! !	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		 	208
MMP-1				[1 1 1 1	211
MMP-8		1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 1 1 1 1 1		210
MMP-10		1				210
MMP-3				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1]]] []	211
MMP-9	DGAACHFPFI	FEGRSYSACT	TDGRSDGLPW	CSTTANYDID	DRFGFCPSER	275
MMP-2	DGEYCKFPFL	FNGKEYNSCT	DTGRSDGFLW	CSTTYNFEKD	GKYGFCPHEA	249
MMP-7	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					207
MT-MMP		1 1 1 1 1 1				229
Consensus	 	1 1 1 1 1	 			300

5/15 Fig. 2D

208	211	210	210	211	325	299	207	229	350	208	211	210	210	211	375	348	207	229	400
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1			TTANYDRDKL	TTEDYDRDKK									RGDGRLWCAT	RSDGKMWCAT	1		
 					GRSDGYRWCA	GRIDGYRWCG				 		1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		KEYSTCTSEG	NKYESCTSAG			
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			ĵ 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	GOSYSACTTD	GISYDSCITE] 	 	 		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	LCVFPFTFLG	PCVFPFTFLG			
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1	KPCQFPFIFQ	OPCKEPERFO]]]]]	 						TVMGGNSAGE	TVGG-NSEGA	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
					LYTRDGNADG	LFTMGGNAEG				1 1 1 1 1 1]	1 1 1 1 1 1 1		FGFCPTRADS	YGFCPETAMS	1 1 1 1		
MMP-11	MMP-1	MMP-8	MMP-10	MMP-3	MMP-9	MMP-2	MMP-7	MT-MMP	Consensus	MMP-11	MMP-1	MMP-8	MMP-10	MMP-3	MMP-9	MMP-2	MMP-7	MT-MMP	Consensus

With the time time that the street the time of the the time time that the time that the time time.

6/12

240 239 240 241 241 423 396 236 261 450 261 262 263 264 264 471 417 267 311 500 AKALMSAFY-**IGALMYPSY-FEALMY PLYN FEALMYPLYH** PGALMAPIY-PNAVMYPTY-TAPPTVCPTG PGALMYPNY-PEALMY PMY -P. ALMYP. Y-PSAIMAPFY-RPSVPDKPKN ------! ! ! ! ! HVLGLQHTTA HAMGLEHSQD HSLGL. HS. D RPPTTTTQP HSLGLSHSTD HSLGLAHSSD HSLGLFHSAN HSLGLFHSAN HALGLDHSSV HSLGMGHSSD HALGLEHSSD KMPPQPRTTS K-----Fig. 2E FLVAA-HE.G LQVAA-HEFG HRVAA-HELG FLVAA-HEFG FLVAA-HELG FLVAA-HEIG FLVAA-HEFG FLVAA-HEFG FLYAATHELG FLVAV-HELG LYGPRPEPEP LYGKRSNSRK LYGGESGFPT TXG----LYG----IXG---------BXI ______TXG_____ TXG----T-----T-----GFCPDQGYSL T-----SPDDCRGVQH AQDDIDGIQA PODDIDGIOA SQDDVNGIQS SÕDDINGIÕS HKDDVNGIRH SQDDIKGIQE SQDDIKGIQK PDDDRRGIQQ T-----T-----7-----GFCPDQGYSL IQND----SQDDI.GIQ. F. . . . F. L. TANYDDDRKW GNGDPQNFKL TSNFDSDKKW FF--RYPLSL SLTDLTRFRL RF--TEGPPL **DWMDTENEVL** TF--SGDVQL AFRETSNYSL SFTELAQFRL TY--TKNFRL -------Consensus Consensus MMP-10 MT-IMP MMP-10 AT-MAP MMP-11 MMP-8 MMP-3 MMP-9 MP-11 MMP-8 MMP-3 MMP-1 MMP-2 MMP-1 MMP-2 MMP-9 MMP-7 MMP-7

7/15 Fig. 2F

291	278	279	289	290	516	440	267	361	550		339	324	325	335	336	563	487	267	410	כייש
IAPLEPDAPP	KAC	PKPC	S-GSEMPAKC	P-EPGTPANC	PLSPVD-DAC	TLGPVTPEIC		GYPMPIGQFW	Ö: : :		ALASRHWOGL	NFTSVFWPQL	NFISLEWPSL	HLISAFWPSL	HLISSEWPSL	FLIADKWPAL	LLVATFWPEL		HIKELGRG-L	T. C. END T.
GPQAGIDTNE	GPQTP	QPTGPST	VPTKSVP	VPTEPVP	PSTATTV	LGTGPTP		WRVRINIQVMD	.PT		GGQL-QPGYP	NPFY-PEVEL	HPQL-QRVEM	SHWN-PEPEF	SLRK-LEPEL	EGRGSRPQGP	TPRD-KPMGP		EASLEPGYPK	•
PTVTSRTPAL	RSQNPVQP-I	LSSNP-I	PPASTEEP-L	PPDSPETP-L	GPTGPPTA-G	ASPDI-D		EMFVFKKRWF	-д.		FKAGFVWRLR	FKDRFYMR-T	FKDRYFWR-R	FKDRYFWR-R	FKDRHFWR-K	FKDGKYWRFS	FKDRFIWRTV		FKGDKHWVFD	בישה העדה
M			4	q	TAGPTGPPSA		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Nedtvamerg			STIR-GELFF	TTIR-GEVMF	TTLR-GEILF	STLR-GEYLF	STLR-GEILI	AEIG-NOLYL	AQIR-GEIFF		YERKDGKEVF	년 년 년
					PPTVHPSERP			PTYGPNICDG			DACEASFDAV	DS-KLTFDAI	DP-SLTFDAI	DP-ALSFDAI	DP-ALSFDAV	NV-NI-FDAI	KQ-DIVFDGI		RGLPASINTA	1403 - C
MMP-11	MMP-1	MMP-8	MMP-10	MMP-3	MMP-9	MMP-2	MMP-7	MT-MMP	Consensus		MMP-11	MMP-1	MMP-8	MMP-10	MMP-3	MMP-9	MMP-2	MMP-7	MT-MMP	Congeneria

8/15 Fig. 2G

383 371 371	381 382 607 533 267	9 9 9 9 9 9 9	431 420 418 430 431 582 582 509
APL-TELGLV KDIYSSFGFP KDI-SNYGFP	RGI-HILGEP RGI-HTLGEP RRL-DKLGLG KPL-TSLGLP	ILG.P	VPRRAIDWRG YPKNIAHDFP YPKSISGAFP FPRLIADDFP FPKQIAEDFP SASEVDRMFP FPKLIADAWN SALRDWMGCP
EKPVLGP QNVLHGYP YDILQGYP	NEVÇAGYP NEVRAGYP ASV-LGP STLERGYP 		HPSTRRVDSP DEYKRSMDPG DNQRQFMEPG DENSQSMEQG DEKRNSMEPG DVKAQMVDPR NEVKKMDPG KLKVEPGYPK
QGAQYWVYDG KGNKYWAVQG KGNQYWALSG	KGNQFWALKG KGNQFWAIRG SGRQVWVYTG AGNEYWIYSA	. GN. YW G	FERGRDYWRF FEVANKYWRY FEVNDQFWRY FEADKYWRF FEVEDKYWRF LFSGRRLWRF LFSGRRLWRF LFSGRRLWRF CFSGRRLWRF FFGRRWRY FFFK.WR.
-DAQGHIWFF FADRDEVRFF DFDRDLIFLF	VISKDIVELE VISKDIVELE EPLSKKLEFF APQEEKAVEF	म म • • • • • • •	VWGPEKNKIY S-ENTGKTY FYRSKTY S-DKEKKKTY S-DKEKNKTY R-SGRGKM-L N-WSKNKKTY SDEVFTYFYK
P-SPVDAAFE P-NGLEAAYE P-TGIQAAYE	P-SGVDAAYE P-RKLDSVFE P-EKIDAVYE	PDAAYE	R——FPVHAAL SSVQAIDAAV PTIRKIDAAV PTIRKIDAAV PTVRKIDAAI ADVAQVTGAL PDVQRVDAAF ESPRGSFM-G
MMP-11 MMP-1 MMP-8 MMP-10	MMP-3 MMP-9 MMP-2 MMP-7	Consensus	MMP-11 MMP-1 MMP-8 MMP-3 MMP-9 MMP-2 MMP-7 MT-MMP

9/15 Fig. 2H

	473	458	456	468	469	697	621	267	559	750		489	469	468	476	477	708	267	582	ļ	196
	PRLV	TKRILTLQ	AQRVTRVA	ARMVTHIL	AKKVTHTL	QVDQVGYV	N-QSLKSVKF	I	LLVLAVGLAV	 - - -			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			 		!!!!!!!!!!!!			
r•	PVKVKALEGF	GTRQYKFDPK	GPRYYAFDLI	GSSQFEFDPN	GSSQLEFDPN	WRVSSRSELN	FKGAYYLKLE		AAVVLPVLLL	•			1 1 1 1					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
17 · 67 3	LRGRLYWKFD	HH-HK	HV-FS	YF-FS	YE-FT	CQDR-FY	HS-X正		DEEGGGAVSA	 - -		NTFLX							DKV		
	FODADGYAYF	VFMKDGFF	VFQQEHFF	VLQAFGFF	VFEEFGFF	VFQYREKAYF	VVDLQGGG		EETEVIIIEV	VV		CAEPA	CRKN	CRYGX	C	CPEDX	C		RLLYCORSLL	ı	C
	VPSEIDAA	GIGHKVDA	GIESKVDA	GVEPKVDA	GIDSKIDA	GVPLDTHD	AIPDNLDA		SGGRPDEGTE	GDA		GPD-FFG	KANSWEN	RGNKWLN	KSNSMLH	TYD-ILQ	GSIKSD-WLG		FFFRHGTPR	9	W.L.
	MMP-11	MMP-1	MMP-8	MMP-10	MMP-3	MMP-9	MMP-2	MMP-7	MT-MMP	Consensus		MMP-11	MMP-1	MMP-8	MMP-10	MMP-9	MMP-2	MMP-7	MT-MMP		Consensus

Fig. 3

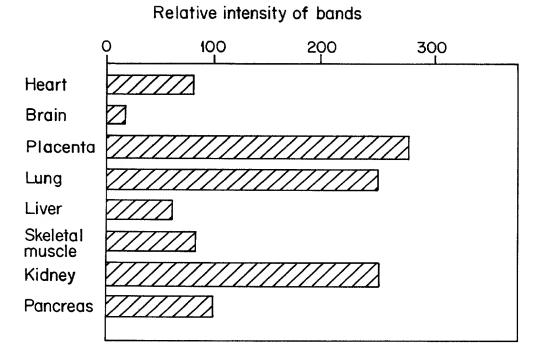


Fig. 4

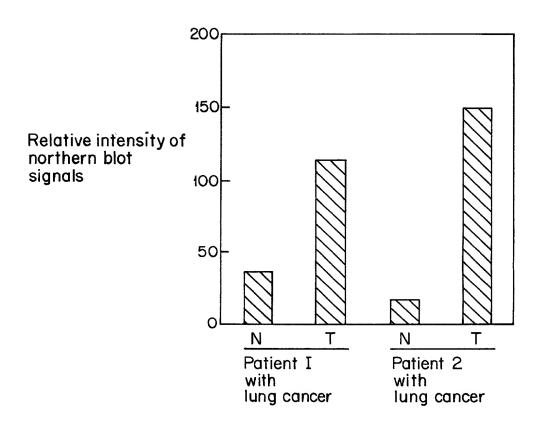


Fig. 5

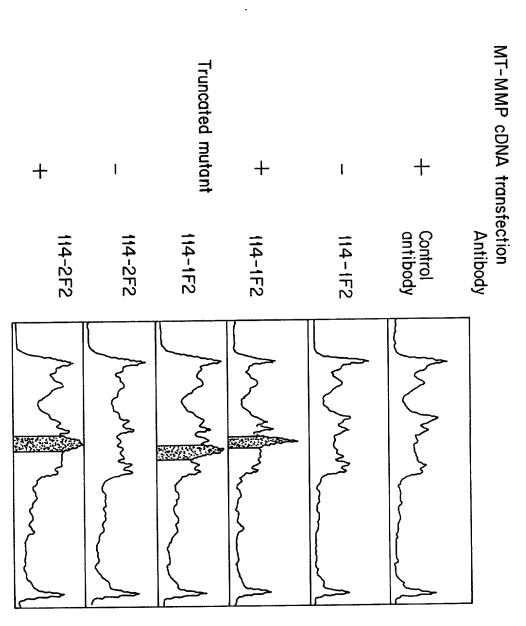


Fig. 6

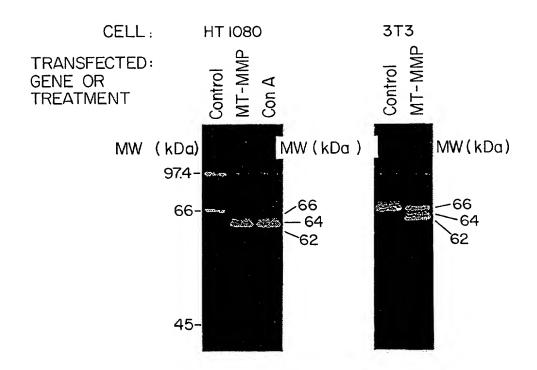


Fig. 7

CELL MEMBRANE FRACTION:

HT 1080 CULTURE SUPERNATANT:

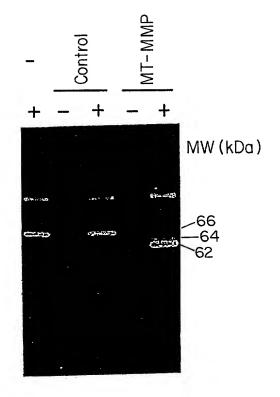
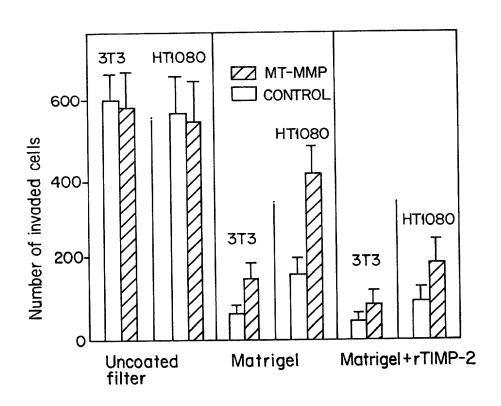


Fig. 8



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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.

(Status - patented, pending, abandoned)

(Status - patented, pending, abandoned)

55-290P

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that: my residence post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name; that I verily believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one inventor is named below) or a joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: * NOVEL METALLOPROTEINASE AND ENCODING DNA THEREFOR

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pecification 🗻	<u> </u>		ss one of the following boxes	
attached			and was	
			number	
			er PCT Article 19 on	
	(if applicable).			
			derstand the contents of the any amendment referred to a	
	Code of Federal Regulat	ions, §1.56.	n material to patentability as d	
AND STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE P			was ever known or used in the	
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13 23			e United States of America m	
20 500°	prior to this application	, that the invention has	not been patented or made	the subject of an
7 19			application in any country fore r my legal representatives or a	
:			s application, and that no appl	
	or inventor's certificate of	on this invention has been	filed in any country foreign to	the United States
44	-		gal representatives or assigns,	
			Title 35, United States Code, §	119 of any foreign
: ::::	application(s) for patent	or inventor's certificate	isted below:	
T made	Prior Foreign Application	(s)		Priority Claimed
seit Priority	Hei. 5-341061	Japan	11. 30. 1993	(3t
f appropriate)	PCT/JP94/02009	(Country) Japan	(Month/Day/Year Filed)	Yes No
	(Number)	(Country)	11. 30. 1994 (Month/Day/Year Filed)	ŽŠ □ Yes No
	Hei. 7-109884	Japan "	(Month/Day/Year Filed) 3. 31. 1995	
	(Number)	(Country)	(Month/Day/Year Filed)	Yes No
	(Number)	(Country)	(Month/Day/Year Filed)	☐ ☐ Yes No
	(Number)	(004))	(manin, buj, ran 1 noa)	
	(Number)	(Country)	(Month/Day/Year Filed)	Yes No
			or Inventor's Certificate File ing Date of This Application:	
	Country	Application	No. Date of Filing	g (Month/Day/Year)
	Y 1 1 1 1 1	1 Ci 1 - Tial - 25 - I	Initial State Code 8120 of	II-14-1 C4-4-
			Jnited States Code, §120 of ect matter of each of the claims	
			ion in the manner provided by	
			dge the duty to disclose mater §1.56 which occurred between	

(Filing Date)

(Filing Date)

(Application Serial No.)

(Application Serial No.)

I hereby appoint the following attorneys to prosecute this application and/or an international application based on this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith and in connection with the resulting patent based on instructions received from the entity who first sent the application papers to the attorneys identified below, unless the inventor(s) or assignee provides said attorneys with a written notice to the contrary:

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued

	thereon.				
100 Maria 100 Maria 100 Maria 100 Maria					
Full Name of First or Sole	GIVEN NAME	FAMILY NAME	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE	יי	'DATE
Inventor: Insert Name of Inventor Insert Date This Document is Signed	Motoharu	SEIKI,	motohan Sa	retri	April 25, 1995
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Insert Citizenship	Kanazawa-sh	i, Ishikawa-ke	en, 920, Japan	Japanese	
Insert Post Office		(Complete Street Address including (
Address	10-14, Waku	nami 3-chome, F	Kanazawa-shi, Is	hikawa-ken,	920, Japan
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			en, 921, Japan	Japanese	
			city. State & Country) -15, Heiwamachi	3-chome,	
	Kanazawa-sh	ı, İsnikawa-ke	en, 921, Japan		
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see above	Akira	SHINAGAWA	Mena sou	Jour Co	1995
	RESIDENCE (City, State & Co Takaoka-shi	, Toyama-ken,	Japan	citizenship Japanese	
	Fuji Yakuhi	(Complete Street Address including n Kogyo Kabush, Toyama-ken,	niki Kaishanai,	530, Chokei	ji,
For Norman and Franchis	GIVEN NAME	FAMILY NAME	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE		*DATE
Full Name of Fourth Inventor, if any:	GIVEN NAME	PAMILINAME	The state of the s		
see above	1				
	RESIDENCE (City, State & Ci	ountry)		CITIZENSHIP	
	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	(Complete Street Address including	City, State & Country)		
Full Name of Fifth Inventor, if any:	GIVEN NAME	FAMILY NAME	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE		*DATE
see above					
	RESIDENCE (City, State & C	ountry)		CITIZENSHIP	
*Note: Must be completed					
 date this document is signed. 		(Complete Street Address including	City, State & Country)		
Page 2 of 2					
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<110> SEIKI, Motoharu SATO, Hiroshi SHINAGAWA, Akira

<120> NOVEL METALLOPROTEINASE AND ENCODING DNA THEREFOR

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<140> 08/448,489

<141> 1995-06-07

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<170> PatentIn Ver. 2.0

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Asp Leu Arg Thr His Thr Gln Arg Ser Pro Gln Ser Leu Ser Ala Ala 50 55 60

Ile Ala Ala Met Gln Lys Phe Tyr Gly Leu Gln Val Thr Gly Lys Ala 65 70 75 80

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Ala Ile Gln Gly Leu Lys Trp Gln His Asn Glu Ile Thr Phe Cys Ile 115 120 125

Gln Asn Tyr Thr Pro Lys Val Gly Glu Tyr Ala Thr Tyr Glu Ala Ile

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- Ile Met Ile Phe Phe Ala Glu Gly Phe His Gly Asp Ser Thr Pro Phe 180 185 190
- Asp Gly Glu Gly Gly Phe Leu Ala His Ala Tyr Phe Pro Gly Pro Asn 195 200 205
- Ile Gly Gly Asp Thr His Phe Asp Ser Ala Glu Pro Trp Thr Val Arg 210 215 220
- Asn Glu Asp Leu Asn Gly Asn Asp Ile Phe Leu Val Ala Val His Glu 225 230 235 240
- Leu Gly His Ala Leu Gly Leu Glu His Ser Ser Asp Pro Ser Ala Ile 245 250 255
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- Asn Thr Ala Tyr Glu Arg Lys Asp Gly Lys Phe Val Phe Phe Lys Gly 370 375 380
- Asp Lys His Trp Val Phe Asp Glu Ala Ser Leu Glu Pro Gly Tyr Pro

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13

14

13

Merice report

Hull Hull

Lys His Ile Lys Glu Leu Gly Arg Gly Leu Pro Thr Asp Lys Ile Asp 405 410 415

Ala Ala Leu Phe Trp Met Pro Asn Gly Lys Thr Tyr Phe Phe Arg Gly 420 425 430

Asn Lys Tyr Tyr Arg Phe Asn Glu Glu Leu Arg Ala Val Asp Ser Glu 435 440 445

Tyr Pro Lys Asn Ile Lys Val Trp Glu Gly Ile Pro Glu Ser Pro Arg 450 455 460

Gly Ser Phe Met Gly Ser Asp Glu Val Phe Thr Tyr Phe Tyr Lys Gly 465 470 475 480

Asn Lys Tyr Trp Lys Phe Asn Asn Gln Lys Leu Lys Val Glu Pro Gly
485 490 495

Tyr Pro Lys Ser Ala Leu Arg Asp Trp Met Gly Cys Pro Ser Gly Gly 500 505 510

Arg Pro Asp Glu Gly Thr Glu Glu Thr Glu Val Ile Ile Glu 515 520 525

Val Asp Glu Glu Gly Gly Gly Ala Val Ser Ala Ala Ala Val Val Leu 530 535 540

Pro Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Val Leu Ala Val Gly Leu Ala Val Phe 545 550 560

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Ser Leu Leu Asp Lys Val 580

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tecetegget eggeceaaag eageagette ageecegaag eetggetaea geaatatgge 240 tacctgcctc ccggggacct acgtacccac acacagcgct caccccagtc actctcagcg 300 gecategetg ceatgeagaa gttttaegge ttgeaagtaa eaggeaaage tgatgeagae 360 accatgaagg ccatgaggcg cccccgatgt ggtgttccag acaagtttgg ggctgagatc 420 aaggccaatg ttcgaaggaa gcgctacgcc atccagggtc tcaaatggca acataatgaa 480 attactttct gcatccagaa ttacaccccc aaggtgggcg agtatgccac atacgaggcc 540 attcgcaagg cgttccgcgt gtgggagagt gccacaccac tgcgcttccg cgaggtgccc 600 tatgcctaca tccgtgaggg ccatgagaag caggccgaca tcatgatctt ctttgccgag 660 ggettecatg gegaeageae geeettegat ggtgagggeg getteetgge ecatgeetae 720 ttcccagggc ccaacattgg aggagacacc cactttgact ctgccgagcc ttggactgtc 780 aggaatgagg atctgaatgg aaatgacatc ttcctggtgg ctgtgcacga gctgggccat 840 gecetgggge tegageatte cagtgaeece teggeeatea tggeaecett ttaccagtgg 900 atggacacgg agaattttgt gcttcccgat gatgaccgcc ggggcatcca gcaactttat 960 gggggtgagt cagggttece caccaagatg ecceetcaac ecaggaetac eteceggeet 1020 tctgttcctg ataaacccaa aaaccccacc tatgggccca acatctgtga cgggaacttt 1080 gacaccgtgg ccatgctccg aggggagatg tttgtcttca agaagcgctg gttctggcgg 1140 gtgaggaata accaagtgat ggatggatac ccaatgccca ttggccagtt ctggcggggc 1200 ctgcctgcgt ccatcaacac tgcctacgag aggaaggatg gcaaattcgt cttcttcaaa 1260 ggagacaagc attgggtgtt tgatgaggcg teeetggaac etggetaeee caageacatt 1320 aaggagetgg geegaggget geetaeegae aagattgatg etgetetett etggatgeee 1380 aatggaaaga cctacttctt ccgtggaaac aagtactacc gtttcaacga agagctcagg 1440 gcagtggata gcgagtaccc caagaacatc aaagtctggg aagggatccc tgagtctccc 1500 agagggtcat tcatgggcag cgatgaagtc ttcacttact tctacaaggg gaacaaatac 1560 tggaaattca acaaccagaa gctgaaggta gaaccgggct accccaagtc agccctgagg 1620 gactggatgg gctgcccatc gggaggccgg ccggatgagg ggactgagga ggagacggag 1680 ctgcccgtgc tgctgctgct cctggtgctg gcggtgggcc ttgcagtctt cttcttcaga 1800 cgccatggga cccccaggcg actgctctac tgccagcgtt ccctgctgga caaggtctga 1860 cgcccatccg ccggcccgcc cactcctacc acaaggactt tgcctctgaa ggccagtggc 1920 agcaggtggt ggtgggtggg ctgctcccat cgtcccgagc cccctccccg cagcctcctt 1980 gettetetet gteecetgge tggeeteett caecetgace geeteectee eteetgeece 2040 ggcattgcat cttccctaga taggtcccct gagggctgag tgggagggcg gccctttcca 2100 gcctctgccc ctcaggggaa ccctgtagct ttgtgtctgt ccagccccat ctgaatgtgt 2160 tgggggctct gcacttgaag gcaggaccct cagacctcgc tggtaaaggt caaatggggt 2220 catctgctcc ttttccatcc cctgacatac cttaacctct gaactctgac ctcaggaggc 2280 tetggggaac tecagecetg aaageeecag gtgtaeecaa ttggeageet etcaetaete 2340 tttctggcta aaaggaatct aatcttgttg agggtagaga ccctgagaca gtgtgagggg 2400 gtggggactg ccaagccacc ctaagacctt gggaggaaaa ctcagagagg gtcttcgttg 2460 ctcagtcagt caagttcctc ggagatcttc ctctgcctca cctaccccag ggaacttcca 2520 aggaaggagc ctgagccact ggggactaag tgggcagaag aaacccttgg cagccctgtg 2580 cctctcgaat gttagccttg gatggggctt tcacagttag aagagctgaa accaggggtg 2640 cagctgtcag gtagggtggg gccggtggga gaggcccggg tcagagccct gggggtgagc 2700 cttaaggcca cagagaaaga accttgccca aactcaggca gctggggctg aggcccaaag 2760 gcagaacagc cagaggggc aggaggggac caaaaaggaa aatgaggacg tgcagcagca 2820 ttggaagget ggggeeegge ageeaggtta aagetaacag ggggeeatea gggtgggett 2880 gtggagetet caggaaggge cetgaggaag geacacttge teetgttggt ceetgteett 2940 gctgcccagg cagggtggag gggaagggta gggcagccag agaaaggagc agagaaggca 3000 cacaaacgag gaatgagggg cttcacgaga ggccacaggg cctggctggc cacgctgtcc 3060

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eggeetgete accateteag tgagggacag gagetgggge tgettagget gggteeaege 3120
ttccctggtg ccagcacccc tcaagcctgt ctcaccagtg gcctgccctc tcgctccccc 3180
acccagecea eccattgaag teteettggg teccaaaggt gggeatggta eeggggaett 3240
gggagagtga gacccagtgg agggagcaag aggagaggga tgtgggggg tggggcacgg 3300
tttgttttgt ttaatgtata tttttattat aattattata tat
                                                             3403
<210> 3
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Unknown
<220>
<223> Description of Unknown Organism: Highly conserved
     sequence fragments from MMP family
<400> 3
Pro Arg Cys Gly Val Pro Asp
  1
                 5
<210> 4
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Unknown
<220>
<223> Description of Unknown Organism: Highly conserved
      sequence fragments from MMP family
<400> 4
Gly Asp Ala His Phe Asp Asp Glu
  1
                 5
<210> 5
<211> 20
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic DNA
<400> 5
                                                              20
ccmmgvtgys gvrwbccwga
<210> 6
<211> 25
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<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic DNA
<400> 6
                                                                   25
ytcrtsvtcr tcraartgrr hrtcy
<210> 7
<211> 30
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<400> 7
Gly Gly Ala Val Ser Ala Ala Ala Val Val Leu Pro Val Leu Leu
                                      10
                                                          15
                  5
Leu Leu Val Leu Ala Val Gly Leu Ala Val Phe Phe
             20
                                  25
                                                      30
<210> 8
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<400> 8
Arg Glu Val Pro Tyr Ala Tyr Ile Arg Glu Gly His Glu Lys
  1
                  5
                                      10
<210> 9
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<400> 9
Asp Gly Asn Phe Asp Thr Val Ala Met Leu Arg Gly Glu Met
  1
                                      10
<210> 10
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<400> 10
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Pro Lys Ser Ala Leu Arg Asp Trp Met Gly Cys Pro Ser Gly Gly
1 5 10 15
<210> 11

<211> 489 <212> PRT <213> Unknown

<220>

<223> X = UNKNOWN

<220>

<223> Description of Unknown Organism: Known Member of Matrix Metalloproteinase Family

<400> 11

Met Ala Pro Ala Ala Trp Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Ala Arg Ala Leu Leu 1 5 10 15

Pro Pro Met Leu Leu Leu Leu Gln Pro Pro Pro Leu Leu Ala Arg 20 25 30

Ala Leu Pro Pro Asp Val His His Leu His Ala Glu Arg Arg Gly Pro 35 40 45

Gln Pro Trp His Ala Ala Leu Pro Ser Ser Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala 50 55 60

Thr Gln Glu Ala Pro Arg Pro Ala Ser Ser Leu Arg Pro Pro Arg Cys
65 70 75 80

Gly Val Pro Asp Pro Ser Asp Gly Leu Ser Ala Arg Asn Arg Gln Lys
85 90 95

Arg Phe Val Leu Ser Gly Gly Arg Trp Glu Lys Thr Asp Leu Thr Tyr
100 105 110

Arg Ile Leu Arg Phe Pro Trp Gln Leu Val Gln Glu Gln Val Arg Gln
115 120 125

Thr Met Ala Glu Ala Leu Lys Val Trp Ser Asp Val Thr Pro Leu Thr 130 135 140

Phe Thr Glu Val His Glu Gly Arg Ala Asp Ile Met Ile Asp Phe Ala 145 150 155 160

Arg Tyr Trp Asp Gly Asp Asp Leu Pro Phe Asp Gly Pro Gly Gly Ile

165 170 175

Leu Ala His Ala Phe Phe Pro Lys Thr His Arg Glu Gly Asp Val His
180 185 190

Phe Asp Tyr Asp Glu Thr Trp Thr Ile Gly Asp Asp Gln Gly Thr Asp 195 200 205

Leu Leu Gln Val Ala Ala His Glu Phe Gly His Val Leu Gly Leu Gln 210 215 220

His Thr Thr Ala Ala Lys Ala Leu Met Ser Ala Phe Tyr Thr Phe Arg 225 230 235 240

Tyr Pro Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Asp Asp Cys Arg Gly Val Gln His Leu 245 250 255

Tyr Gly Gln Pro Trp Pro Thr Val Thr Ser Arg Thr Pro Ala Leu Gly
260 265 270

Pro Gln Ala Gly Ile Asp Thr Asn Glu Ile Ala Pro Leu Glu Pro Asp 275 280 285

Ala Pro Pro Asp Ala Cys Glu Ala Ser Phe Asp Ala Val Ser Thr Ile 290 295 300

Arg Gly Glu Leu Phe Phe Phe Lys Ala Gly Phe Val Trp Arg Leu Arg 305 310 315 320

Gly Gly Gln Leu Gln Pro Gly Tyr Pro Ala Leu Ala Ser Arg His Trp 325 330 335

Gln Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Val Asp Ala Ala Phe Glu Asp Ala Gln Gly 340 345 350

His Ile Trp Phe Phe Gln Gly Ala Gln Tyr Trp Val Tyr Asp Gly Glu 355 360 365

Lys Pro Val Leu Gly Pro Ala Pro Leu Thr Glu Leu Gly Leu Val Arg 370 375 380

Phe Pro Val His Ala Ala Leu Val Trp Gly Pro Glu Lys Asn Lys Ile 385 390 395 400

Tyr Phe Phe Arg Gly Arg Asp Tyr Trp Arg Phe His Pro Ser Thr Arg
405 410 415

Arg Val Asp Ser Pro Val Pro Arg Arg Ala Thr Asp Trp Arg Gly Val

Pro Ser Glu Ile Asp Ala Ala Phe Gln Asp Ala Asp Gly Tyr Ala Tyr 435 440 445

Phe Leu Arg Gly Arg Leu Tyr Trp Lys Phe Asp Pro Val Lys Val Lys 450 455 460

Ala Leu Glu Gly Phe Pro Arg Leu Val Gly Pro Asp Phe Phe Gly Cys 465 470 475 480

Ala Glu Pro Ala Asn Thr Phe Leu Xaa 485

<210> 12

<211> 469

<212> PRT

<213> Unknown

<220>

<223> Description of Unknown Organism: Known Member of Matrix Metalloproteinase Family

<400> 12

Met His Ser Phe Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Phe Trp Gly Val Val

1 5 10 15

Ser His Ser Phe Pro Ala Thr Leu Glu Thr Gln Glu Gln Asp Val Asp 20 25 30

Leu Val Gln Lys Tyr Leu Glu Lys Tyr Tyr Asn Leu Lys Asn Asp Gly
35 40 45

Arg Gln Val Glu Lys Arg Arg Asn Ser Gly Pro Val Val Glu Lys Leu 50 55 60

Lys Gln Met Gln Glu Phe Phe Gly Leu Lys Val Thr Gly Lys Pro Asp
65 70 75 80

Ala Glu Thr Leu Lys Val Met Lys Gln Pro Arg Cys Gly Val Pro Asp 85 90 95

Val Ala Gln Phe Val Leu Thr Glu Gly Asn Pro Arg Trp Glu Gln Thr
100 105 110

His Leu Thr Tyr Arg Ile Glu Asn Tyr Thr Pro Asp Leu Pro Arg Ala 115 120 125

- Ile Ser Phe Val Arg Gly Asp His Arg Asp Asn Ser Pro Phe Asp Gly 165 170 175
- Pro Gly Gly Asn Leu Ala His Ala Phe Gln Pro Gly Pro Gly Ile Gly
 180 185 190
- Gly Asp Ala His Phe Asp Glu Asp Glu Arg Trp Thr Asn Asn Phe Thr
 195 200 205
- Glu Tyr Asn Leu His Arg Val Ala Ala His Glu Leu Gly His Ser Leu 210 215 220
- Gly Leu Ser His Ser Thr Asp Ile Gly Ala Leu Met Tyr Pro Ser Tyr 225 230 235 240
- Thr Phe Ser Gly Asp Val Gln Leu Ala Gln Asp Asp Ile Asp Gly Ile 245 250 255
- Gln Ala Ile Tyr Gly Arg Ser Gln Asn Pro Val Gln Pro Ile Gly Pro 260 265 270
- Gin Thr Pro Lys Ala Cys Asp Ser Lys Leu Thr Phe Asp Ala Ile Thr 275 280 285
- Thr Ile Arg Gly Glu Val Met Phe Phe Lys Asp Arg Phe Tyr Met Arg 290 295 300
- Thr Asn Pro Phe Tyr Pro Glu Val Glu Leu Asn Phe Thr Ser Val Phe 305 310 315 320
- Trp Pro Gln Leu Pro Asn Gly Leu Glu Ala Ala Tyr Glu Phe Ala Asp 325 330 335
- Arg Asp Glu Val Arg Phe Phe Lys Gly Asn Lys Tyr Trp Ala Val Gln 340 345 350
- Gly Gln Asn Val Leu His Gly Tyr Pro Lys Asp Ile Tyr Ser Ser Phe 355 360 365
- Gly Phe Pro Arg Thr Val Lys His Ile Asp Ala Ala Leu Ser Glu Glu 370 375 380

Asn Thr Gly Lys Thr Tyr Phe Phe Val Ala Asn Lys Tyr Trp Arg Tyr 385 390 395 400

Asp Glu Tyr Lys Arg Ser Met Asp Pro Gly Tyr Pro Lys Met Ile Ala 405 410 415

His Asp Phe Pro Gly Ile Gly His Lys Val Asp Ala Val Phe Met Lys 420 425 430

Asp Gly Phe Phe Tyr Phe Phe His Gly Thr Arg Gln Tyr Lys Phe Asp 435 440 445

Pro Lys Thr Lys Arg Ile Leu Thr Leu Gln Lys Ala Asn Ser Trp Phe 450 455 460

Asn Cys Arg Lys Asn 465

<210> 13

<211> 468

<212> PRT

<213> Unknown

<220>

<223> X = UNKNOWN

<220>

<223> Description of Unknown Organism: Known Member of Matrix Metalloproteinase Family

<400> 13

Met Phe Ser Leu Lys Thr Leu Pro Phe Leu Leu Leu Leu His Val Gln
1 5 10 15

Ile Ser Lys Ala Phe Pro Val Ser Ser Lys Glu Lys Asn Thr Lys Thr 20 25 30

Val Gln Asp Tyr Leu Glu Lys Phe Tyr Gln Leu Pro Ser Asn Gln Tyr 35 40 45

Gln Ser Thr Arg Lys Asn Gly Thr Asn Val Ile Val Glu Lys Leu Lys 50 55 60

Glu Met Gln Arg Phe Phe Gly Leu Asn Val Thr Gly Lys Pro Asn Glu 65 70 75 80

Glu	Thr	Leu	Asp	Met 85	Met	Lys	Lys	Pro	Arg 90	Cys	Gly	Val	Pro	Asp 95	Ser
Gly	Gly	Phe	Met 100	Leu	Thr	Pro	Gly	Asn 105	Pro	Lys	Trp	Glu	Arg 110	Thr	Asn
Leu	Thr	Tyr 115	Arg	Ile	Arg	Asn	Tyr 120	Thr	Pro	Gln	Leu	Ser 125	Glu	Ala	Glu
Val	Glu 130	Arg	Ala	Ile	Lys	Asp 135	Ala	Phe	Glu	Leu	Trp 140	Ser	Val	Ala	Ser
Pro 145	Leu	Ile	Phe	Thr	Arg 150	Ile	Ser	Gln	Gly	Glu 155	Ala	Asp	Ile	Asn	Ile 160
Ala	Phe	Tyr	Gln	Arg 165	Asp	His	Gly	Asp	Asn 170	Ser	Pro	Phe	Asp	Gly 175	Pro
Asn	Gly	Ile	Leu 180	Ala	His	Ala	Phe	Gln 185	Pro	Gly	Gln	Gly	Ile 190	Gly	Gly
Asp	Ala	His 195	Phe	Asp	Ala	Glu	Glu 200	Thr	Trp	Thr	Asn	Thr 205	Ser	Ala	Asn
Tyr	Asn 210	Leu	Phe	Leu	Val	Ala 215	Ala	His	Glu	Phe	Gly 220		Ser	Leu	Gly
Leu 225		His	Ser	Ser	Asp		Gly	Ala	Leu			Pro		Tyr	Ala 240

Ile Gln Ala Ile Tyr Gly Leu Ser Ser Asn Pro Ile Gln Pro Thr Gly

265

250

270

Phe Arg Glu Thr Ser Asn Tyr Ser Leu Pro Gln Asp Asp Ile Asp Gly

245

260

Pro Ser Thr Pro Lys Pro Cys Asp Pro Ser Leu Thr Phe Asp Ala Ile 275 280 285

Thr Thr Leu Arg Gly Glu Ile Leu Phe Phe Lys Asp Arg Tyr Phe Trp 290 295 300

Arg Arg His Pro Gln Leu Gln Arg Val Glu Met Asn Phe Ile Ser Leu 305 310 315 320

Phe Trp Pro Ser Leu Pro Thr Gly Ile Gln Ala Ala Tyr Glu Asp Phe 325 330 335

Asp Arg Asp Leu Ile Phe Leu Phe Lys Gly Asn Gln Tyr Trp Ala Leu 340 345 350

Ser Gly Tyr Asp Ile Leu Gln Gly Tyr Pro Lys Asp Ile Ser Asn Tyr 355 360 365

Gly Phe Pro Ser Ser Val Gln Ala Ile Asp Ala Ala Val Phe Tyr Arg 370 375 380

Ser Lys Thr Tyr Phe Phe Val Asn Asp Gln Phe Trp Arg Tyr Asp Asn 385 390 395 400

Gln Arg Gln Phe Met Glu Pro Gly Tyr Pro Lys Ser Ile Ser Gly Ala 405 410 415

Phe Pro Gly Ile Glu Ser Lys Val Asp Ala Val Phe Gln Glu His
420 425 430

Phe Phe His Val Phe Ser Gly Pro Arg Tyr Tyr Ala Phe Asp Leu Ile 435 440 445

Ala Gln Arg Val Thr Arg Val Ala Arg Gly Asn Lys Trp Leu Asn Cys 450 460

Arg Tyr Gly Xaa 465

<210> 14

<211> 476

<212> PRT

<213> Unknown

<220>

<223> Description of Unknown Organism: Known Member of Matrix Metalloproteinase Family

<400> 14

Met Met His Leu Ala Phe Leu Val Leu Cys Leu Pro Val Cys Ser 1 5 10 15

Ala Tyr Pro Leu Ser Gly Ala Ala Lys Glu Glu Asp Ser Asn Lys Asp
20 25 30

Leu Ala Gl
n Gl
n Tyr Leu Glu Lys Tyr Tyr As
n Leu Glu Lys Asp Val\$35\$ 40
 45

Lys Gln Phe Arg Arg Lys Asp Ser Asn Leu Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Gln

50	55	60

Gly	Met	Gln	Lys	Phe	Leu	Gly	Leu	Glu	Val	Thr	Gly	Lys	Leu	Asp	Thr
65					70					75					80

- Asp Thr Leu Glu Val Met Arg Lys Pro Arg Cys Gly Val Pro Asp Val 85 90 95
- Gly His Phe Ser Ser Phe Pro Gly Met Pro Lys Trp Arg Lys Thr His
 100 105 110
- Leu Thr Tyr Arg Ile Val Asn Tyr Thr Pro Asp Leu Pro Arg Asp Ala 115 120 125
- Val Asp Ser Ala Ile Glu Lys Ala Leu Lys Val Trp Glu Glu Val Thr 130 135 140
- Ser Phe Ala Val Lys Glu His Gly Asp Phe Tyr Ser Phe Asp Gly Pro 165 170 175
- Gly His Ser Leu Ala His Ala Tyr Pro Pro Gly Pro Gly Leu Tyr Gly
 180 185 190
- Asp Ile His Phe Asp Asp Asp Glu Lys Trp Thr Glu Asp Ala Ser Gly
 195 200 205
- Thr Asn Leu Phe Leu Val Ala Ala His Glu Leu Gly His Ser Leu Gly 210 215 220
- Leu Phe His Ser Ala Asn Thr Glu Ala Leu Met Tyr Pro Leu Tyr Asn 225 230 235 240
- Ser Phe Thr Glu Leu Ala Gln Phe Arg Leu Ser Gln Asp Asp Val Asn 245 250 255
- Gly Ile Gln Ser Leu Tyr Gly Pro Pro Pro Ala Ser Thr Glu Glu Pro 260 265 270
- Leu Val Pro Thr Lys Ser Val Pro Ser Gly Ser Glu Met Pro Ala Lys 275 280 285
- Cys Asp Pro Ala Leu Ser Phe Asp Ala Ile Ser Thr Leu Arg Gly Glu 290 295 300
- Tyr Leu Phe Phe Lys Asp Arg Tyr Phe Trp Arg Arg Ser His Trp Asn

The first form who first that the Healt form the first
Pro Glu Pro Glu Phe His Leu Ile Ser Ala Phe Trp Pro Ser Leu Pro 325 330 335

310

Ser Tyr Leu Asp Ala Ala Tyr Glu Val Asn Ser Arg Asp Thr Val Phe 340 345 350

Ile Phe Lys Gly Asn Glu Phe Trp Ala Ile Arg Gly Asn Glu Val Gln 355 360 365

Ala Gly Tyr Pro Arg Gly Ile His Thr Leu Gly Phe Pro Pro Thr Ile 370 375 380

Arg Lys Ile Asp Ala Ala Val Ser Asp Lys Glu Lys Lys Lys Thr Tyr 385 390 395 400

Phe Phe Ala Ala Asp Lys Tyr Trp Arg Phe Asp Glu Asn Ser Gln Ser 405 410 415

Met Glu Gln Gly Phe Pro Arg Leu Ile Ala Asp Asp Phe Pro Gly Val 420 425 430

Glu Pro Lys Val Asp Ala Val Leu Gln Ala Phe Gly Phe Phe Tyr Phe 435 440 445

Phe Ser Gly Ser Ser Gln Phe Glu Phe Asp Pro Asn Ala Arg Met Val 450 455 460

Thr His Ile Leu Lys Ser Asn Ser Trp Leu His Cys 465 470 475

<210> 15

<211> 477

<212> PRT

<213> Unknown

<220>

<223> Description of Unknown Organism: Known Member of Matrix Metalloproteinase Family

<400> 15

Met Lys Ser Leu Pro Ile Leu Leu Leu Cys Val Ala Val Cys Ser 1 5 10 15

Ala Tyr Pro Leu Asp Gly Ala Ala Arg Gly Glu Asp Thr Ser Met Asn 20 25 30

Leu Val Gln Lys Tyr Leu Glu Asn Tyr Tyr Asp Leu Lys Lys Asp Val
35 40 45

Lys Gln Phe Val Arg Arg Lys Asp Ser Gly Pro Val Val Lys Lys Ile 50 55 60

Arg Glu Met Gln Lys Phe Leu Gly Leu Glu Val Thr Gly Lys Leu Asp
65 70 75 80

Ser Asp Thr Leu Glu Val Met Arg Lys Pro Arg Cys Gly Val Pro Asp 85 90 95

Val Gly His Phe Arg Thr Phe Pro Gly Ile Pro Lys Trp Arg Lys Thr 100 105 110

His Leu Thr Tyr Arg Ile Val Asn Tyr Thr Pro Asp Leu Pro Lys Asp 115 120 125

Ala Val Asp Ser Ala Val Glu Lys Ala Leu Lys Val Trp Glu Glu Val 130 135 140

Thr Pro Leu Thr Phe Ser Arg Leu Tyr Glu Gly Glu Ala Asp Ile Met 145 150 155 160

Ile Ser Phe Ala Val Arg Glu His Gly Asp Phe Tyr Pro Phe Asp Gly 165 170 175

Pro Gly Asn Val Leu Ala His Ala Tyr Ala Pro Gly Pro Gly Ile Asn 180 185 190

Gly Asp Ala His Phe Asp Asp Glu Gln Trp Thr Lys Asp Thr Thr
195 200 205

Gly Thr Asn Leu Phe Leu Val Ala Ala His Glu Ile Gly His Ser Leu 210 215 220

Gly Leu Phe His Ser Ala Asn Thr Glu Ala Leu Met Tyr Pro Leu Tyr 225 230 235 240

His Ser Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Arg Phe Arg Leu Ser Gln Asp Asp Ile 245 250 255

Asn Gly Ile Gln Ser Leu Tyr Gly Pro Pro Pro Asp Ser Pro Glu Thr 260 265 270

Pro Leu Val Pro Thr Glu Pro Val Pro Pro Glu Pro Gly Thr Pro Ala 275 280 285

Asn Cys Asp Pro Ala Leu Ser Phe Asp Ala Val Ser Thr Leu Arg Gly 290 295 300

Glu Ile Leu Ile Phe Lys Asp Arg His Phe Trp Arg Lys Ser Leu Arg 305 310 315 320

Lys Leu Glu Pro Glu Leu His Leu Ile Ser Ser Phe Trp Pro Ser Leu 325 330 335

Pro Ser Gly Val Asp Ala Ala Tyr Glu Val Thr Ser Lys Asp Leu Val 340 345 350

Phe Ile Phe Lys Gly Asn Gln Phe Trp Ala Ile Arg Gly Asn Glu Val 355 360 365

Arg Ala Gly Tyr Pro Arg Gly Ile His Thr Leu Gly Phe Pro Pro Thr 370 375 380

Val Arg Lys Ile Asp Ala Ala Ile Ser Asp Lys Glu Lys Asn Lys Thr 385 390 395 400

Tyr Phe Phe Val Glu Asp Lys Tyr Trp Arg Phe Asp Glu Lys Arg Asn 405 410 415

Ser Met Glu Pro Gly Phe Pro Lys Gln Ile Ala Glu Asp Phe Pro Gly
420 425 430

Ile Asp Ser Lys Ile Asp Ala Val Phe Glu Glu Phe Gly Phe Phe Tyr 435 440 445

Phe Phe Thr Gly Ser Ser Gln Leu Glu Phe Asp Pro Asn Ala Lys Lys 450 455 460

Val Thr His Thr Leu Lys Ser Asn Ser Trp Leu Asn Cys 465 470 475

<210> 16

<211> 708

<212> PRT

<213> Unknown

<220>

<223> X = UNKNOWN

<220>

<223> Description of Unknown Organism: Known Member of

Matrix Metalloproteinase Family

<400	> 16	5													
Met 1	Ser	Leu	Trp	Gln 5	Pro	Leu	Val	Leu	Val 10	Leu	Leu	Val	Leu	Gly 15	Cys
Cys	Phe	Ala	Ala 20	Pro	Arg	Gln	Arg	Gln 25	Ser	Thr	Leu	Val	Leu 30	Phe	Pro
Gly	Asp	Leu 35	Arg	Thr	Asn	Leu	Thr 40	Asp	Arg	Gln	Leu	Ala 45	Glu	Glu	Tyr
Leu	Tyr 50	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Thr 55	Arg	Val	Ala	Glu	Met 60	Arg	Gly	Glu	Ser
Lys 65	Ser	Leu	Gly	Pro	Ala 70	Leu	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gln 75	Lys	Gln	Leu	Ser	Leu 80
Pro	Glu	Thr	Gly	Glu 85	Leu	Asp	Ser	Ala	Thr 90	Leu	Lys	Ala	Met	Arg 95	Thr
Pro	Arg	Cys	Gly 100	Val	Pro	Asp	Leu	Gly 105	Arg	Phe	Gln	Thr	Phe 110	Glu	Gly
Asp	Leu	Lys 115	Trp	His	His	His	Asn 120		Thr	Tyr	Trp	Ile 125	Gln	Asn	Tyr
Ser	Glu 130	Asp	Leu	Pro	Arg	Ala 135		Ile	Asp	Asp	Ala 140	Phe	Ala	Arg	Ala
Phe 145		Leu	Trp	Ser	Ala 150		Thr	Pro	Leu	Thr 155		Thr	Arg	Val	Tyr 160
Ser	Arg	Asp	Ala	Asp 165		Val	Ile	Gln	Phe 170		Val	Ala	Glu	His 175	Gly
Asp	Gly	Tyr	Pro 180		Asp	Gly	Lys	Asp 185	_	Leu	Leu	Ala	His		Phe
Pro	Pro	Gly 195	Pro	Gly	'Ile	Gln	Gly 200		Ala	His	: Phe	205		Asp	Glu
Leu	Trp 210		Leu	ı Gly	' Lys	Gly 215		. Val	. Val	Pro	220		, Phe	: Gly	Asn
Ala 225	_	Gly	Ala	Ala	Cys 230		Ph∈	e Pro	Phe	235		e Glu	ı Gly	' Arg	Ser 240

Tyr Ser Ala Cys Thr Thr Asp Gly Arg Ser Asp Gly Leu Pro Trp Cys 245

Ser Thr Thr Ala Asn Tyr Asp Thr Asp Asp Asp Phe Gly Phe Cys Pro 260

260

Ser Glu Arg Leu Tyr Thr Arg Asp Gly Asn Ala Asp Gly Lys Pro Cys 275 280 285

Gln Phe Pro Phe Ile Phe Gln Gly Gln Ser Tyr Ser Ala Cys Thr Thr 290 295 300

Asp Gly Arg Ser Asp Gly Tyr Arg Trp Cys Ala Thr Thr Ala Asn Tyr 305 310 315 320

Asp Arg Asp Lys Leu Phe Gly Phe Cys Pro Thr Arg Ala Asp Ser Thr 325 330 335

Val Met Gly Gly Asn Ser Ala Gly Glu Leu Cys Val Phe Pro Phe Thr 340 345 350

Phe Leu Gly Lys Glu Tyr Ser Thr Cys Thr Ser Glu Gly Arg Gly Asp 355 360 365

Gly Arg Leu Trp Cys Ala Thr Thr Ser Asn Phe Asp Ser Asp Lys Lys 370 375 380

Trp Gly Phe Cys Pro Asp Gln Gly Tyr Ser Leu Phe Leu Val Ala Ala 385 390 395 400

His Glu Phe Gly His Ala Leu Gly Leu Asp His Ser Ser Val Pro Glu 405 410 415

Ala Leu Met Tyr Pro Met Tyr Arg Phe Thr Glu Gly Pro Pro Leu His
420 425 430

Lys Asp Asp Val Asn Gly Ile Arg His Leu Tyr Gly Pro Arg Pro Glu 435 440 445

Pro Glu Pro Arg Pro Pro Thr Thr Thr Pro Gln Pro Thr Ala Pro 450 455 460

Pro Thr Val Cys Pro Thr Gly Pro Pro Thr Val His Pro Ser Glu Arg 465 470 475 480

Pro Thr Ala Gly Pro Thr Gly Pro Pro Ser Ala Gly Pro Thr Gly Pro 485 490 495

Pro Thr Ala Gly Pro Ser Thr Ala Thr Thr Val Pro Leu Ser Pro Val 500 505 510

Asp Asp Ala Cys Asn Val Asn Ile Phe Asp Ala Ile Ala Glu Ile Gly 515 520 525

Asn Gln Leu Tyr Leu Phe Lys Asp Gly Lys Tyr Trp Arg Phe Ser Glu 530 540

Gly Arg Gly Ser Arg Pro Gln Gly Pro Phe Leu Ile Ala Asp Lys Trp 545 550 555 560

Pro Ala Leu Pro Arg Lys Leu Asp Ser Val Phe Glu Glu Pro Leu Ser 565 570 575

Lys Lys Leu Phe Phe Phe Ser Gly Arg Gln Val Trp Val Tyr Thr Gly 580 585 590

Ala Ser Val Leu Gly Pro Arg Arg Leu Asp Lys Leu Gly Leu Gly Ala 595 600 605

Asp Val Ala Gln Val Thr Gly Ala Leu Arg Ser Gly Arg Gly Lys Met 610 620

Leu Leu Phe Ser Gly Arg Arg Leu Trp Arg Phe Asp Val Lys Ala Gln 625 630 635 640

Met Val Asp Pro Arg Ser Ala Ser Glu Val Asp Arg Met Phe Pro Gly 645 650 655

Val Pro Leu Asp Thr His Asp Val Phe Gln Tyr Arg Glu Lys Ala Tyr 660 665 670

Phe Cys Gln Asp Arg Phe Tyr Trp Arg Val Ser Ser Arg Ser Glu Leu 675 680 685

Asn Gln Val Asp Gln Val Gly Tyr Val Thr Tyr Asp Ile Leu Gln Cys 690 695 700

Pro Glu Asp Xaa 705

<210> 17

<211> 631

<212> PRT

<213> Unknown

<220> <223> Description of Unknown Organism: Known Member of

Matrix Metalloproteinase Family

3 (8)

<400> 17

Ala Pro Ser Pro Ile Ile Lys Phe Pro Gly Asp Val Ala Pro Lys Thr 1 5 10 15

Asp Lys Glu Leu Aïa Val Gln Tyr Leu Asn Thr Phe Tyr Gly Cys Pro
20 25 30

Lys Glu Ser Cys Asn Leu Phe Val Leu Lys Asp Thr Leu Lys Lys Met 35 40 45

Gln Lys Phe Phe Gly Leu Pro Gln Thr Gly Asp Leu Asp Gln Asn Thr 50 55 60

Ile Glu Thr Met Arg Lys Pro Arg Cys Gly Asn Pro Asp Val Ala Asn 65 70 75 80

Tyr Asn Phe Phe Pro Arg Lys Pro Lys Trp Asp Lys Asn Gln Ile Thr 85 90 95

Tyr Arg Ile Ile Gly Tyr Thr Pro Asp Leu Asp Pro Glu Thr Val Asp
100 105 110

Asp Ala Phe Ala Arg Ala Phe Gln Val Trp Ser Asp Val Thr Pro Leu 115 120 125

Arg Phe Ser Arg Ile His Asp Gly Glu Ala Asp Ile Met Ile Asn Phe 130 135 140

Gly Arg Trp Glu His Gly Asp Gly Tyr Pro Phe Asp Gly Lys Asp Gly 145 150 155 160

Leu Leu Ala His Ala Phe Ala Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Gly Gly Asp Ser 165 170 175

His Phe Asp Asp Glu Leu Trp Thr Leu Gly Glu Gly Gln Val Val
180 185 190

Arg Val Lys Tyr Gly Asn Ala Asp Gly Glu Tyr Cys Lys Phe Pro Phe 195 200 205

Leu Phe Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Asn Ser Cys Thr Asp Thr Gly Arg Ser 210 215 220

Asp Gly Phe Leu Trp Cys Ser Thr Thr Tyr Asn Phe Glu Lys Asp Gly

225 230 235 240

3 / 1 *

Lys Tyr Gly Phe Cys Pro His Glu Ala Leu Phe Thr Met Gly Gly Asn 245 250 255

Ala Glu Gly Gln Pro Cys Lys Phe Pro Phe Arg Phe Gln Gly Thr Ser 260 265 270

Tyr Asp Ser Cys Thr Thr Glu Gly Arg Thr Asp Gly Tyr Arg Trp Cys 275 280 285

Gly Thr Thr Glu Asp Tyr Asp Arg Asp Lys Lys Tyr Gly Phe Cys Pro 290 295 300

Glu Thr Ala Met Ser Thr Val Gly Gly Asn Ser Glu Gly Ala Pro Cys 305 310 315 320

Val Phe Pro Phe Thr Phe Leu Gly Asn Lys Tyr Glu Ser Cys Thr Ser 325 330 335

Ala Gly Arg Ser Asp Gly Lys Met Trp Cys Ala Thr Thr Ala Asn Tyr 340 345 350

Asp Asp Asp Arg Lys Trp Gly Phe Cys Pro Asp Gln Gly Tyr Ser Leu 355 360 365

Phe Leu Val Ala Ala His Glu Phe Gly His Ala Met Gly Leu Glu His 370 375 380

Ser Gln Asp Pro Gly Ala Leu Met Ala Pro Ile Tyr Thr Tyr Thr Lys 385 390 395 400

Asn Phe Arg Leu Ser Gln Asp Asp Ile Lys Gly Ile Gln Glu Leu Tyr 405 410 415

Gly Ala Ser Pro Asp Ile Asp Leu Gly Thr Gly Pro Thr Pro Thr Leu 420 425 430

Gly Pro Val Thr Pro Glu Ile Cys Lys Gln Asp Ile Val Phe Asp Gly
435 440 445

Ile Ala Gln Ile Arg Gly Glu Ile Phe Phe Phe Lys Asp Arg Phe Ile 450 455 460

Trp Arg Thr Val Thr Pro Arg Asp Lys Pro Met Gly Pro Leu Leu Val 465 470 475 480

Ala Thr Phe Trp Pro Glu Leu Pro Glu Lys Ile Asp Ala Val Tyr Glu

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485	490	495
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Ala Pro Gln Glu Glu Lys Ala Val Phe Phe Ala Gly Asn Glu Tyr Trp 500 505 510

Ile Tyr Ser Ala Ser Thr Leu Glu Arg Gly Tyr Pro Lys Pro Leu Thr 515 520 525

Ser Leu Gly Leu Pro Pro Asp Val Gln Arg Val Asp Ala Ala Phe Asn 530 535 540

Trp Ser Lys Asn Lys Lys Thr Tyr Ile Phe Ala Gly Asp Lys Phe Trp 545 550 555 560

Arg Tyr Asn Glu Val Lys Lys Met Asp Pro Gly Phe Pro Lys Leu 565 570 575

Ile Ala Asp Ala Trp Asn Ala Ile Pro Asp Asn Leu Asp Ala Val Val 580 585 590

Asp Leu Gln Gly Gly His Ser Tyr Phe Phe Lys Gly Ala Tyr Tyr 595 600 605

Leu Lys Leu Glu Asn Gln Ser Leu Lys Ser Val Lys Phe Gly Ser Ile 610 620

Lys Ser Asp Trp Leu Gly Cys 625 630

<210> 18

<211> 267

<212> PRT

<213> Unknown

<220>

<223> Description of Unknown Organism: Known Member of
 Matrix Metalloproteinase Family

<400> 18

Met Arg Leu Thr Val Leu Cys Ala Val Cys Leu Leu Pro Gly Ser Leu 1 5 10 15

Ala Leu Pro Leu Pro Gln Glu Ala Gly Gly Met Ser Glu Leu Gln Trp
20 25 30

Glu Gln Ala Gln Asp Tyr Leu Lys Arg Phe Tyr Leu Tyr Asp Ser Glu 35 40 45

Thr Lys Asn Ala Asn Ser Leu Glu Ala Lys Leu Lys Glu Met Gln Lys
50 55 60

Phe Phe Gly Leu Pro Ile Thr Gly Met Leu Asn Ser Arg Val Ile Glu 65 70 75 80

Ile Met Gln Lys Pro Arg Cys Gly Val Pro Asp Val Ala Glu Tyr Ser 85 90 95

Leu Phe Pro Asn Ser Pro Lys Trp Thr Ser Lys Val Val Thr Tyr Arg
100 105 110

Ile Val Ser Tyr Thr Arg Asp Leu Pro His Ile Thr Val Asp Arg Leu
115 120 125

Val Ser Lys Ala Leu Asn Met Trp Gly Lys Glu Ile Pro Leu His Phe 130 135 140

Arg Lys Val Val Trp Gly Thr Ala Asp Ile Met Ile Gly Phe Ala Arg 145 150 155 160

Gly Ala His Gly Asp Ser Tyr Pro Phe Asp Gly Pro Gly Asn Thr Leu 165 170 175

Ala His Ala Phe Ala Pro Gly Thr Gly Leu Gly Gly Asp Ala His Phe 180 185 190

Asp Glu Asp Glu Arg Trp Thr Asp Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly Ile Asn Phe 195 200 205

Leu Tyr Ala Ala Thr His Glu Leu Gly His Ser Leu Gly Met Gly His 210 215 220

Ser Ser Asp Pro Asn Ala Val Met Tyr Pro Thr Tyr Gly Asn Gly Asp 225 230 235 240

Pro Gln Asn Phe Lys Leu Ser Gln Asp Asp Ile Lys Gly Ile Gln Lys
245 250 255

Leu Tyr Gly Lys Arg Ser Asn Ser Arg Lys Lys 260 265

<210> 19

<211> 231

<212> PRT

<213> Unknown

<220>

<223> Description of Unknown Organism: Known Member of Matrix Metalloproteinase Family

<400> 19

Met Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Glu Tyr Leu Glu Lys Leu Met Gln Lys
1 5 10 15

Phe Gly Leu Val Thr Gly Lys Leu Asp Thr Leu Met Arg Lys Pro Arg
20 25 30

Cys Gly Val Pro Asp Val Gly Phe Phe Pro Gly Pro Lys Trp Thr Leu
35 40 45

Thr Tyr Arg Ile Asn Tyr Thr Pro Asp Leu Pro Val Asp Ala Lys Ala 50 55 60

Phe Val Trp Ser Val Thr Pro Leu Thr Phe Arg Val Glu Gly Ala Asp 65 70 75 80

Ile Met Ile Phe Ala His Gly Asp Tyr Pro Phe Asp Gly Pro Gly Gly
85 90 95

Leu Ala His Ala Phe Pro Gly Pro Gly Ile Gly Gly Asp Ala His Phe 100 105 110

Asp Asp Glu Trp Thr Asn Leu Phe Leu Val Ala Ala His Glu Gly His
115 120 125

Ser Leu Gly Leu His Ser Asp Pro Ala Leu Met Tyr Pro Thr Phe Phe 130 135 140

Leu Ser Gln Asp Asp Ile Gly Ile Gln Leu Tyr Gly Pro Pro Thr Cys 145 150 155 160

Asp Phe Asp Ala Ile Thr Arg Gly Glu Phe Phe Lys Asp Arg Trp Arg 165. 170 175

Leu Ser Phe Trp Pro Leu Pro Asp Ala Ala Tyr Glu Phe Phe Gly Asn 180 185 190

Tyr Trp Gly Gly Tyr Pro Ile Leu Gly Pro Val Asp Ala Ala Lys Thr 195 200 205

Tyr Phe Phe Lys Trp Arg Asp Met Pro Gly Pro Ile Phe Pro Gly Asp 210 215 220

Ala Val Phe Phe Trp Leu Cys 225 230